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VOL. 43

VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1905

NO. 108

COMPLETE TEXT OF TREATY OF PEACE

Which Went Into Effect To-Day--Japanese
Soldiers Ordered to Abstain From Criticizing the Terms.

(Associated Press.)

Tokio, Oct. 10.—The peace treaty with Russia went into effect to-day. The text of the treaty was published this afternoon.

Mr. Terauchi, minister of war, has issued an order instructing the Japanese army in the field to abstain from criticism of the terms of peace. On the ground that the declarations of peace and of war are entirely the outcome of sovereign power. His order forbids the criticism of either subject especially by those engaged in military service. He advises the soldiers to utilize the opportunities of peace after the disbandment of their regiments by engaging in their respective occupations, always holding themselves in readiness to join the colors at the Emperor's command.

Text of Treaty.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 10.—The text of the treaty of peace concluded by Russia and Japan at Portsmouth, N. H., on September 5th, and signed by Emperor Nicholas and the Emperor of Japan, October 14th, is as follows:

The Emperor of Japan, on one part and the Emperor of Russia, on the other part, animated by a desire to restore the blessing of peace to their countries, have resolved to conclude a treaty of peace and have for this purpose named their plenipotentiaries, that is to say, for His Majesty the Emperor of Japan, Baron Komura Jutaro, Jussani, Grand Councilor of the Imperial Household, and His Excellency Tanihara Kogoro, Imperial Order of the Sacred Treasure, his minister to the United States and His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias, His Excellency Sergei Witte, his secretary of state and president of the committee of ministers of the Empire of Russia, and His Excellency Baron Roman Rosen, master of the Empire of Russia, and His Majesty's ambassador to the United States, who after having exchanged their plenipotentiaries, which were found to be in good and due form, have concluded the following articles:

Article 1.—There shall henceforth be peace and amity between their Majesties the Emperor of Japan and the Emperor of all the Russias and between their respective states and subjects.

Article 2.—The Russian government acknowledges that Japan possesses in Korea paramount political, military and economic interests, and agrees neither to obstruct or interfere with measures for guidance, protection and control which the imperial government of Japan may find necessary to take in Korea. It is understood that Russian subjects in Korea shall be treated in exactly the same manner as the subjects and citizens of other foreign powers, that is to say, they shall be placed on the same footing as the subjects and citizens of the most favored nations. It is also agreed in order to avoid cases of misunderstanding that the two high contracting parties will abstain from the Russian-Korean frontier from taking any military measures which may menace the security of Russian or Korean territory.

Article 3.—Japan and Russia mutually engage, first, to evacuate completely and simultaneously Manchuria, except the territory affected by the lease of the Liao Tung peninsula in conformity with the provisions of the additional article one annexed to this treaty, and second, to restore entirely and completely to the exclusive administration of China all the portions of Manchuria now in occupation or under the control of the Japanese or Russian troops with the exception of the territory above mentioned. The imperial government of Russia declares that they have not in Manchuria territorial advantage or preferential or exclusive concessions to the impairment of China or inconsistent with the principle of equal opportunity.

Article 4.—Japan and Russia reciprocally engage not to obstruct any general measures in common to all countries which China may take for the development of the commerce or industry of Manchuria.

Article 5.—The Imperial Russian government transfers and assigns to the Im-

perial government of Japan with the consent of the government of China, the lease of Port Arthur, Talien and the adjacent territory and territorial waters and all rights, privileges and concessions connected with or forming part of such lease, and also transfer and assign to the Imperial government of Japan all public works and properties in the territory affected by the above mentioned lease. The two contracting parties mutually engage to obtain the consent of the Chinese government mentioned in the foregoing stipulation. The Imperial government of Japan on their part undertake that the proprietary rights of Russian subjects in the territory above referred to shall be perfectly respected.

Article 6.—The Imperial Russian government engage to transfer and assign to the Imperial government of Japan, without compensation and with the consent of the Chinese government, the railway between Chang Chun Fu and Kuan Chang Tsu and Port Arthur, and all branches and all rights and privileges therein in that region as well as coal mines in that region belonging to or worked for the benefit of the railway. The two high contracting parties mutually engage to obtain the consent of the government of China mentioned in the foregoing stipulation.

Article 7.—Japan and Russia engage to exploit their respective railways in Manchuria exclusively for commercial and industrial purposes and not for strategic purposes. It is understood that this stipulation does not apply to the railway affected by the Liao Tung peninsula.

Article 8.—The Imperial governments of Japan and Russia, with the view to promote and facilitate intercourse and trade with as many as possible, will conclude a separate convention for the regulation of their connecting railway services in Manchuria.

Article 9.—The Imperial Russian government cede to the Imperial government of Japan the peninsula and full sovereignty, the southern portion of the Island of Sakhalin and all the islands adjacent thereto and the public works and properties thereon. The 50th degree of north latitude is adopted as the northern boundary of the ceded territory. The exact alignment of such territory shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of the additional article eleven annexed to this treaty. Japan and Russia mutually agree not to construct in their respective possessions on the Island of Sakhalin or the adjacent islands any fortifications or other similar military works. They also respectively engage not to take any military measures which may impede the free navigation of the strait of La Perouse and the Gulf of Tartary.

Article 10.—It is reserved to Russian subjects inhabitants of the territory ceded to Japan to sell their real property and retire to their country, but if they prefer to remain in the ceded territory they will be maintained and protected in the full exercise of their industries and rights of property on condition of submitting to the Japanese law and jurisdiction. Japan shall have full liberty to withdraw the right of residence in or to depart from such territory of all inhabitants who labor under political or administrative disability. She engages, however, the property of such inhabitants shall be fully respected.

Article 11.—Russia engages to arrange with Japan for granting to Japanese subjects rights of fishery along the coast of the Russian possessions in the Japanese, Okotsk and Behring seas. It is agreed that the foregoing engagement shall not affect rights already belonging to Russia or foreign subjects in those regions.

Article 12.—Japan and Russia engage to adopt as a basis for their commercial relations pending the conclusion of a new treaty of commerce and navigation the basis of the treaty which was in force previous to the present war, the system of reciprocal treatment on the footing of the most favored nation in which neither included import and export duties, customs formalities, transit and tonnage dues and the admission and treatment of agents, subjects and vessels of one country in the territories of the other.

(Continued on page 8.)

CONGRESSMAN CONVICTED.

Sentence Passed on John Newton Williamson at Portland.

Portland, Oct. 14.—Convicted by a jury of the charge of subornation of perjury in the land frauds, United States Congressman John Newton Williamson, of Oregon, to-day received sentence in the District court of ten months in jail and a fine of \$500. Marion R. Biggs, ex-United States commissioner, was given a similar sentence. Dr. Van Gesner, convicted as a fellow conspirator, received a sentence of half-time, but double fine, owing to his advanced age.

Williamson faced the judge, when judgment was delivered, giving no whimper for mercy. He was given a sonnet by the judge for his failure to set a good example to citizens. Appeals are pending, and meanwhile the men do not begin to serve their time.

THE PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN IN CUBA

LIBERAL PARTY HAS
DECIDED TO WITHDRAW

Frauds in the Registration Led to Decision to Take No Part in the Contest.

(Associated Press.)

New York, Oct. 10.—A special cable dispatch to the Sun from Havana says: "At the general convention of the Liberal party held to-day it was decided to withdraw entirely from the coming presidential election and to inform the head of the Moderate party that the Liberals will not be taking part in any contest that may occur in the future. Manifestoes will be published giving the reason for this act."

Senator Fulford, the Liberal candidate for the vice-presidency, who presided at the meeting, says that the decision was almost unanimous, there being no other course for the party to follow. The idea of withdrawal was presented at the last meeting of the Liberals, but consideration of the proposal was postponed, awaiting events. It is now seen, however, that it was decided to continue the campaign in view of the colossal frauds committed in the registration. Senator Fulford declares that in the San Lazaro ward of Havana there are about 3,000 actual voters, and that 12,000 have been registered. It is deduced from the attitude of the government press that the Moderates desire to avoid the withdrawal of the Liberals and wanted them to accept a few places in congress as an inducement to go to the polls. This offer, however, was not made officially. At any rate the Liberals would not have accepted it.

Senator Cisneros recently wrote to the Lucha strongly denouncing the government. The letter was in such demand that the Lucha has been reprinting it. This, perhaps, is a good illustration of the feeling among the Liberals.

THE VANDERBILT CUP.

Won By H. Emery, Driver of a French Machine.

New York, Oct. 14.—H. Emery, driver of an 80 horse power French machine, won the auto race for the Vanderbilt cup to-day. Time, 4 hours 35 minutes 8 seconds. Paul Sartori was second and Heath third.

RAILWAY ACCIDENTS.

Winnipeg, Oct. 14.—Three wrecks occurred on the Canadian Pacific yesterday afternoon. At Port Williams and Winnipeg between 1 o'clock in the morning and 1 o'clock in the afternoon. No one was killed, but considerable damage was done to rolling stock and a fireman was seriously injured. Westbound passenger No. 97 ran into an open switch at Karlstad, a freight train was derailed at Sunshine, and four box cars were demolished in a head-on collision between two freight trains near Dexter. A fireman is reported to have been seriously hurt.

SALT SPRING ISLAND NOTES.

(Special Correspondence of the Times.)
Ganges Harbor, Oct. 13.—There is some excitement at the present time on North Salt Spring about a piece of road work. The road boss has been requested, and he also desires to make a road which it is claimed is not essential, through land whose owner will not permit the road to be made. The owner claims that the party who requests the road has used it for a long time, and should be satisfied with it. Now, the people who want the road state that a steep hill prevents them from taking large loads to the steamer. They also claim that a new road should be built. Meanwhile, the road foreman says that he expects instructions from the government to build the road.

Rev. R. J. McIntyre, pastor of the Victoria West Methodist church, occupied the pulpit of the Central Settlement Methodist church last Sunday. Rev. McIntyre informed our correspondents that he was greatly impressed with the beauty and wonderful resources of Salt Spring Island.

Mr. Beaven, of Victoria, has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. Scott at Ganges Harbor.

Five soldiers from Work Point barracks have been staying at the Stevens hotel.

An autopsy performed on Saturday on account of rumors of foul play on the body of Prince Troubetsky, who died suddenly at St. Petersburg on October 12th, disclosed the fact that the Prince's death was due to the rupture of a blood vessel of the brain.

SENATOR FULFORD DIED IN HOSPITAL

AS RESULT OF INJURIES
RECEIVED IN ACCIDENT

Automobile in Which He Was Riding in
Newton, Mass., Collided With
Electric Car.

(Associated Press.)

Newton, Mass., Oct. 15.—Senator Geo. T. Fulford, of Brockville, Ont., died at the Newton hospital on Sunday afternoon as the result of injuries received in an automobile accident one week ago to-day.

Senator Fulford's injuries, which were at first regarded as slight, developed into the paralysis of the vital organs, and for the past two days there was no hope of his recovery.

The accident occurred on Walnut street in this city on Sunday afternoon last, the automobile in which Senator Fulford was riding with Wm. T. Hanson, of Schenectady, N. Y., coming in collision with an electric car. The entire party, including the chauffeur, Louis Zerkow, of Albany, N. Y., were thrown. Zerkow died three days later, but Hanson escaped without serious injury. Although somewhat dazed by the accident, Senator Fulford did not appear to be seriously injured, but was nevertheless taken to the hospital in another automobile in which were riding his wife and Mrs. Hanson. The body will be taken to Canada for burial.

Senator Fulford, Liberal, was born in Brockville, Ont., on August 28, 1852, in which town he was educated. He married on January 20th, 1880, Mary Wilder White of Port-Arthur, Wis. He was a member of Brockville town council for 12 years, and chairman of the finance committee for 10 years. He was water commissioner. He was called to the Senate on January 20th, 1900.

THE SENATE VACANCY.

Ottawa, Oct. 16.—The death of Senator Fulford leaves another opening in the upper chamber. It is more than likely that it will be filled by the appointment of Mr. Comstock, who for a time represented Brockville in the Commons previous to the general election of 1900. Upon the death of Hon. J. F. Wood, Mr. Comstock carried the constituency at a bye-election, but declined to be a candidate in 1900.

KOMURA HAS REACHED TOKIO

HIS RECEPTION WAS
NOT ENTHUSIASTIC

Streets of the Capital Were Strongly
Guarded By Troops and Gendarmes—Visit to Palace.

(Associated Press.)

Tokio, Oct. 16.—4:30 p.m.—Baron Komura, the foreign minister, who acted as chief peace plenipotentiary for Japan at Portsmouth, N. H., arrived here to-day from Vancouver. His reception at the railroad station was not enthusiastic, those present being principally government dignitaries. The streets were strongly guarded by troops and gendarmes. The Baron drove to the palace in an imperial carriage.

THE CAMPANIA DISASTER.

Stewart's and Deck Steward Saved
Number of Children—Passenger's Story.

New York, Oct. 14.—John Graham, of Milwaukee; Margaret Cleary, Mary Cosgrove, Niels Ekberg and Elizabeth Grundt, who were washed overboard from the Cunard liner Campania last Wednesday, when a gigantic wave rolled over the vessel and swept across a deck thick with stowaway passengers.

Wednesday's disaster marks the first time in the Cunard line's history of more than sixty years that a passenger has been lost from one of their steamers by accident.

From one of the stowaway passengers who escaped death or serious injury in the disaster it was learned that the lives of several children were saved by a stewardess, Miss Cotes, and a deck steward, The little ones were playing about the deck when they were caught in the swirl of water and carried off with the others. On the return rush of the wave, the children were being carried swiftly towards the open door through which the five who lost their lives had been carried when Miss Cotes and the steward rushed to their rescue and dragged them back to safety.

John C. Hart, of Ithaca, N. Y., who came over in the steamer with his sister, said: "When the wave fell on the ship my sister was about twenty feet away from me near the port rail. I saw her engulfed in the water so that she was covered from my view. Then the gate broke, and the water running back off the deck, dragged her with it. I

dived into this stream and caught her dress. The water took us to the edge of the broken gate, where I managed to catch hold of a stanchion. Both of us were half drowned before we were rescued by two deck hands."

La Savoie in Storm.

New York, Oct. 14.—An experience with the same storm which caused the loss of five passengers on the Campania was reported by the steamer La Savoie on her arrival here to-day. Last Wednesday the La Savoie ran into a north-east hurricane. Madame Calve was a passenger on the steamer, and when the storm was at its height the passengers were locked in the cabins, many of them badly frightened. Madame Calve appeared, announcing her faith that the storm would be passed through in safety, and she sang until her fellow passengers were again in good spirits. Among the passengers was C. Blondel, the French minister to Mexico.

CAME ACT FOUND TO BE EFFECTIVE

FINES FOR SELLING
AND BUYING BIRDS

Police Magistrate Hall Had at First
Some Doubt as to Sections
Conflicting.

In the provincial police court to-day Magistrate Hall disposed of the two cases of infraction of the Game Act referred to in Friday's Times. Those of Cedar Hill, charged with selling four cock pheasants, pleaded guilty, was convicted and fined \$50 or in default of payment thirty days' imprisonment. Clarence Marsh, an employee of the Empire restaurant, convicted of buying the birds, also prohibited under the act, was fined \$10.

On Friday the police magistrate adjourned the case. This was on account of what appeared to his mind to be conflicting sections in the act.

This morning in court the Game Club was represented by counsel C. J. Prior, who argued that there was no conflict in the sections. The police magistrate after fully considering the matter agreed that the sale and purchase of the game birds in question was unlawful. He, however, expressed the opinion that section 10 of the act would be much more clearly effective without section 13. He thought that the latter section might either be omitted from the act or if required for some purpose should be worded so as to avoid the apparent conflict with section 10.

The sections are in part as follows: "Section 10.—It shall be unlawful to catch, kill, destroy or pursue or to buy, sell or expose for sale, show or advertise any of the game birds or animals during the close season and prohibited times of sale set out in the following schedule B, which is deemed to be a part of this act."

"Section 13.—No person shall buy or sell or have in his or her possession any of the said animals or birds or any part or portion of any such animals or birds during the period in which they are so protected. Provided always that if lawfully killed and obtained they may be exposed for sale for five days and no longer, immediately after the commencement of such periods of protection and may be had in possession for the private use of the owner and his family for five days immediately after the commencement of such periods of protection, and no longer, but game shall not be kept in cold storage at any time."

According to schedule B of the act the sale of cock pheasants is prohibited at any time of the year.

The police magistrate admitted that the schedule being a part of the act, section 10 became effective, and he was, therefore, bound to convict.

Magistrate Hall said in summing up the evidence that the law recognized the offence as a very serious one. The penalty was fixed at not more than \$100 and in addition one month's imprisonment. While he did not intend to inflict the severest punishment yet he believed that a substantial fine should be imposed. He accordingly fined Todd, who had sold the birds, \$50.

In the case of Clarence Marsh he did not feel like inflicting the same punishment. He had no reason to doubt the defendant's word when he said that he did not know it was against the law to buy. He, therefore, fined him \$10.

HARVEST SERVICES.

At the Soldiers and Sailors' Home, Esquimalt Road, on Sunday.

The harvest services held yesterday at the Soldiers and Sailors' home, Esquimalt road, were of a successful character. The decoration of the hall was most attractive. The credit fell mainly to Mrs. Nicholson, Mrs. Giffin, Mrs. Watson, Mrs. Wain and Mrs. Wright, assisted by Mr. Deakin (who arranged the flags kindly loaned by H. M. S. Shearwater), Messrs. Bonkett, Farr and Wilks, and Masters Y. Hicks and W. Giffin.

In the morning an able and touching sermon was preached by Rev. R. J. McIntyre. Mr. W. Hicks was present and sang a solo in a manner which was most highly appreciated. The choir sang a special anthem.

SIR FREDERICK POLLOCK'S VISIT

BANQUET TENDERED
BY THE LAW SOCIETY

Scheme of Imperial Organization Was
Dealt With in Speech Delivered
By Visitor.

Sir Frederick Pollock, whose scheme of "Imperial Organization" is now so prominently before Canadians, arrived on Saturday evening, leaving Sunday night. On his arrival in the city he was met at the wharf by a committee representing the Law Society. Later in the evening he was tendered a banquet at the Oak Bay hotel. About twenty-five members of the bar were present, and a very pleasant evening was spent.

Sir Frederick, who is one of the most noted authorities on jurisprudence, visited Canada on this occasion in connection with the scheme of "Imperial Organization" with which he is so prominently identified. It was unfortunate therefore that during his stay in the city he was not made the guest of a function representative of all interests. As it was he had the opportunity of addressing himself to one profession, the banquet being confined to members of the bench and the bar. It was private, no invitations being extended to the press.

At the banquet tendered by the Law Society there were present about twenty-five, including Mr. Justice Irving, Mr. Justice Maflin, Mr. Justice Duff, Judge Lammiman, Attorney-General Wilson, K. C., who presided; H. Dallas Helmecken, K. C., who occupied the vice chair; Premier McBride and Hon. C. E. Pooley, Speaker of the legislature.

The speech of Sir Frederick was almost entirely taken up with the subject of "Imperial Organization." He had come to Canada to receive any suggestions which might be made to improve the scheme, which has been outlined. Throughout the Dominion it had been very favorably received.

The organization was in no way identified with the old Imperial Federation scheme. It was not proposed to have a present organization to initiate anything which would call for acts of parliament to bring into existence. A formal constitution was not thought of. This was not necessary. The object in view was to organize for the conduct of business common to the whole empire.

He gave instances of the way in which at present the copyright law and the patent acts work requiring compliance with the laws of each part of the empire rather than having a general law applicable to all.

Referring to the results of the carrying out of his scheme he thought that the position of the high commissioner at London would carry more importance than at present. He was now a sort of "glorified Canadian agent."

Sir Frederick outlined in a general way the scheme of Imperial organization as has before been described in the columns of the Times.

Local members of the bar also delivered short addresses, in which Sir Frederick himself was complimented and his project favorably commented upon.

Sir Frederick Pollock is not given to oratory. He has, however, a convincing style of argument.

During his stay in Victoria Sir Frederick was visited by a number of citizens, many of whom took occasion to express their appreciation of the scheme with which his name is so prominently identified.

Yesterday he drove about the city enjoying the scenery and climate.

A PROSPEROUS SEASON.

Large Production of Gold in Atlin Camp During Past Summer.

"The production of gold in the Atlin district this year per capita of population is nearly three times as great as in any previous year in the history of the district," said William J. Robinson, managing director of the British-American Dredging Company, operating on Gold Run and Spruce creeks, in an interview with the Vancouver Province.

Mr. Robinson was more enthusiastic than ever with the prospects of the great Northern British Columbia camp.

"We have had a very prosperous season," continued Mr. Robinson, "and during the summer built nine miles of power pole line from the power house of the British-American Dredging Company to the company's dredge at Blue Canyon, on Spruce creek. This dredge is the largest ever built, and is the first dredge in the world so constructed that it will dig both on the benches and on the creek bed. It will dig twenty feet in the side and twenty feet beneath the level of the ground. It has a capacity of thirty-five hundred cubic yards of gravel per day of twenty-four hours. We started the dredge in operation on September 10th—it was installed during the summer—and working on a ten-hour shift the entire plant operated from the first without a hitch. Subsequently we increased the shift to twelve hours, and continued it at that till the shutdown. We are well satisfied with the results at Blue Canyon."

"Our other dredge is on Gold Run. On this the main driving shaft broke during the latter part of the season, and we had to put the dredge into winter quarters as repairs at the time were out of the question. The results on Gold Run were excellent. I have with me two nuggets, one weighing fifteen ounces and the other nine ounces, and both are absolutely free from quartz, making them the finest specimens that were ever produced in the camp."

"It is probable that next season New York capital, which has become inter-

ested in the district, will begin development on its property on a very large scale. The New Yorkers will spend approximately \$200,000, largely on a mammoth steam shovel plant and an endless chain of electric cars will carry the gravel from the shovel to the sluicing grades. This shovel will have a capacity of thirty-five hundred yards a day. It will be a new thing in Atlin. As soon as the first shovel has demonstrated its ability to handle the ground to the satisfaction of those concerned, five or six others will be installed, starting at the mouth of Pine creek and working up to Surprise lake.

"These same capitalists also design to spend a large amount of money on the quartz prospects of the camp—they are already more largely interested in quartz mining in other sections of America than any other concern on the continent, and what they do in Atlin will be done properly. Their engineers are well pleased with the quartz prospects in Atlin."

DEDICATION OF ST. MARY'S CHURCH

IMPOSING EDIFICE
FORMALLY OPENED

Interesting Ceremony Conducted in Victoria West on Sunday Morning—Archbishop's Address to Archbishop.

The imposing edifice recently completed by the Catholics of Victoria, and the adjacent ground was the scene of a very impressive ceremony on Sunday morning. His Grace Archbishop B. J. Orth, assisted by a number of the Catholic clergy and in the presence of a large congregation blessed and dedicated to the service of Almighty God the new church on Langford street, Victoria West. On the arrival of the archbishop the following address was read and presented on behalf of the congregation:

His Grace Archbishop B. J. Orth, Archbishop of Victoria:
May it please Your Grace:—The congregation of St. Mary's parish tender Your Grace a cordial welcome on this occasion of the blessing of another edifice in the city of Victoria to the glory of God and in honor of His Immaculate Mother. We desire to thank Your Grace for returning to perform this imposing ceremony at the time when Your Grace learned that the structure was ready for our use, giving an assurance that other duties always give place to the welfare of the flock.

We trust Your Grace will accept this offering to Almighty God of another house of worship, and we humbly pray that Your Grace and those who were instrumental in the erection of this church may be long spared to worship therein.

(Sgt.) P. Everett, N. Cunningham, P. H. Carroll, J. L. Madden, T. Collins, J. Smith, Thomas Deasy, committee.

The archbishop thanked the congregation for their kind words of welcome and congratulated Father Castrix and those associated with him on the outward appearance and general interior construction of the new church, which was not only a credit to the people directly interested, but was a beautiful structure of which any city might justly feel proud. He impressed on the congregation the necessity for proving their love of God by constant attendance at divine service in the House of Prayer about to be dedicated.

At the conclusion of the reply to the address Archbishop Orth blessed the church and grounds. High mass was then celebrated by Father Castrix, pastor of St. Mary's parish, assisted by Fathers Lemmens and Claassen as deacons of honor; Father Dinnel, deacon; Father Regarding, sub-deacon; Father Fisser and Ronden, masters of ceremonies. Archbishop Orth preached the sermon, which was appropriate to the occasion, and was listened to with great attention by the large number of hearers. During high mass the choir of St. Andrew's cathedral, under the leadership of F. J. Sehl, assisted materially by their rendition of sacred music, Miss Sehl occupying the position of organist.

At the conclusion of the mass the Pope's blessing was administered, and the benediction of the blessed sacrament brought the ceremonies to a close.

CAVES FOUND.

On West Side of Koksilah River Near Granite Mountain.

(Special to the Times.)

Nanaimo, Oct. 16.—C. H. Dickie and H. Smith of Duncan, while prospecting on Friday hillside near Koksilah river on the west side of Granite mountain, some six miles south of DUNCAN. These caves are a series of chambers apparently of great size, but having only an extemporized torch could not be examined properly.

CLERGYMAN'S SUDDEN DEATH.

(Associated Press.)
Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 16.—Rev. Dr. M. Gilbert, pastor of the Zion Lutheran church of this city, and one of the foremost Lutheran clergymen in the country, died suddenly to-day of angina pectoris.

The Grand Duke Cyril arrived at Peterhof on Saturday, having been summoned from Germany to receive the full weight of the Imperial displeasure on account of his marriage to the divorced Grand Duchess Victoria of Russia, which occurred recently at Munich. He will be deprived of his rank as aide-de-camp to the Emperor, of his commission in the army, of his uniform and his crown and other honors, and will be excluded from Russia.

RUN DOWN BY TRAIN.

Farrier and His Wife Instantly Killed on Railway Crossing.

(Associated Press.)

Dunkirk, N. Y., Oct. 16.—Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Dye, of Sheridan Centre, five miles southeast of Dunkirk, were killed by a Lake Shore train to-day at Middle Road crossing. Their horse was killed and the buggy smashed to pieces. Dye was a prosperous farmer about 50 years of age.

TICKET AGENTS.

Annual Meeting of Canadian Association is Being Held in Portland, Maine.

(Associated Press.)

Portland, Maine, Oct. 16.—The 150 members of the Canadian Ticket Agents Association who arrived on Saturday night for their annual convention, the third in the United States, were received by Mayor James F. Baxter and former mayor Charles E. Libby, president of the Portland street railway system. In the city council chamber to-day. The annual meeting followed, sessions being held during the forenoon and afternoon.

A CHICAGO TRAGEDY.

One Man Dead and Another Taken to Hospital Severely Wounded.

(Associated Press.)

Chicago, Ill., Oct. 16.—After he had been stabbed by Joseph Toscano during a fight last night, Vito Foglio, 50 years old, drew a revolver and fired at Toscano. After he fell in the street, Foglio's two sons, Pietro, 20 years old, and Anthony, 14, who witnessed the fight, both drew revolvers and fired several shots at the police. Toscano was dead when the police arrived. Vito Foglio was arrested and taken to a hospital, where it was found he had suffered two large scalp wounds and two wounds in the face. The sons escaped.

KILLED IN LOGGING CAMP.

(Special to the Times.)

Vancouver, Oct. 16.—Finlay Shortreed, conductor of a logging train at Rock Bay, Hastings mill camp, was killed on Friday. Owing to a misplacement switch two cars jammed and the logs crushed Shortreed, who happened to be standing between them. Shortreed's father is an old settler at Abbotsford.

"Look for the Sign of the Camelline" at Campbell's Drug Store

Every lady is invited to stop in our store on their way down town and be told of the merits of

CAMELLINE

Mrs. J. H. Costello is here from Chicago for the purpose of answering your questions and to demonstrate its use.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE.

CAMPBELL'S DRUG STORE

COR. FORT AND DOUGLAS STS.

USE COKE

The Smokeless Fuel.

Makes a clear bright fire. Burns without smoke or soot. Will not block stoves or chimneys. The only fuel for furnaces.

\$6.50 Per Ton Delivered

Victoria Gas Co., Ltd.,

35 Yates Street,
TELEPHONE 123.

EMPERORS SIGN THE PEACE TREATY

THUS OFFICIALLY TERMINATING THE WAR

Copies Will Be Exchanged at a Later Date—Preparing For Prisoners at Vladivostok.

Washington, Oct. 14.—The Emperor of Russia and the Emperor of Japan today signed their respective copies of the peace treaty, thus officially ending the war. Baron Rosen, the Russian ambassador, called at the state department today and saw Secretary Root. Unofficial information had reached him that the czar early in the day had affixed his signature to the copy of the treaty. A few minutes after noon, Minister Takaoka appeared at the state department with a message stating that the Emperor of Japan had signed the treaty of peace at Tokio.

A cablegram was immediately dispatched to Spencer Eddy, in charge of the American embassy at St. Petersburg, who was instructed to inform the Russian foreign office that the Emperor of Japan had signed the treaty of peace at Tokio. The cablegram was immediately dispatched to Spencer Eddy, in charge of the American embassy at St. Petersburg, who was instructed to inform the Russian foreign office that the Emperor of Japan had signed the treaty of peace at Tokio.

Tokio Notified. Paris, Oct. 14.—Premier Rouvier, acting on behalf of the Russian government, tonight cabled M. Harmand, the French minister at Tokio, to inform the Japanese government that the Emperor of Russia had signed the treaty of peace at Tokio, thus completing Russia's part in the conclusion of peace between that country and Japan.

Early in the day the foreign office received a notification from St. Petersburg that Emperor Nicholas would personally sign the treaty during the day and would ask France to communicate the fact of ratification to Japan. Premier Rouvier accordingly remained in his office throughout the day to immediately transmit the message.

Notice of the signing of the treaty in St. Petersburg did not reach here until 6 p. m., when the Russian embassy received a dispatch saying that Emperor Nicholas had affixed his signature to the document and requesting that France be asked to transmit the information to Japan. In the absence of Ambassador Nefedoff, the counselor of the embassy, M. Nekladoff, went to the foreign office at 7 p. m. and met Premier Rouvier, whom he informed of the signing of the treaty.

He requested that the information be requested that the Japanese government be notified of the resumption of the diplomatic relations between the two countries. Premier Rouvier promised to expedite the matter and immediately cabled the French minister at St. Petersburg.

Going for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Don't put yourself in the man's place, but keep a bottle of this remedy in your home. There is nothing so good for Colic, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery and Diarrhoea. It is equally valuable for Summer Complaint and Cholera Infantum and has saved the lives of more children than any other medicine in use. When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant to take. You, or some one of your family, are sure to need this remedy sooner or later and when that time comes you will need it badly; you will need it quickly. Why not buy it now and be prepared for such an emergency? Price, 30 cents.

FIRES IN VANCOUVER.

Outbreak in General Storage Warehouse—Damage May Exceed \$15,000.

A fire that resulted in damage estimated at between \$15,000 and \$20,000 broke out on Saturday afternoon in the three-story brick building on Water street, Vancouver, leased as a general storage warehouse by O. H. Cottrell.

Mr. Cottrell estimates roughly that the damage includes about \$5,000 of tea and coffee, \$5,000 of cereals, 100,000 of confectionery, and there was also a carload of potatoes belonging to the City Grocery, which would bring the loss well on towards \$15,000. Besides this, the roof of the building was so badly scorched that it is feared that a new one will have to be put on. The owner of the building is General Twigg, who will be out probably a thousand dollars. In the second story Macgregor & Company had a large quantity of rope and twine stored, and this will be considerably depreciated by the soot it received. On the lower floor there was both merchandise and office fixtures, which were damaged, but not irreparably. Probably the whole damage will be covered by \$15,000, though it may run to \$20,000 or over. It is thought that nearly all the goods were well insured, though the City Grocery Company had three tons of tea and a carload of Asafetida potatoes there which were valued at \$1,500, but only carried \$500 insurance. Other firms having goods stored there were G. F. & J. Galt, G. H. Cottrell, Chas. Milne, Young Bros. (Vancouver and Seattle), Brainerd & Smith, C. Carr, the British Agency, International Food Co. (Kingston, Miss. and Co., W. H. Son, Boro (Victoria and Vancouver). All of it is believed, carried good insurance, though in what companies could not be ascertained.

Park Pets Burned. A shed at the rear of Superintendent Eldon's house in Stanley park, was destroyed by fire some time in the early hours on Saturday morning, and with it perished a dozen rabbits, 25 guinea pigs, three Belgian hares and about a dozen fowls of different varieties. An Angora goat, kept in a shed at the rear, butted his way out and he was the only occupant of the shed to escape.

Detectives Jackson and Waddell went over to investigate, and concluded that the fire must have been started accidentally, probably from some careless visitor having thrown a lighted cigar stub into the shed, which then ignited the straw bedding. The building was one of the oldest in the park, and its value was only small. Fortunately the rain kept the fire from spreading to other sheds.

ARMENIANS AND TARTARS.

Hostilities Have Again Broken Out—Number of Villages Destroyed. Elizabethopol, Russia, Oct. 14.—Hostilities have broken out between Tartars and Armenians in the surrounding districts and bands of them are firing on each other in the villages. Two Armenian and nine Tartar villages have already been destroyed.

THE TONIC OF HEALTH must be more than a stimulant—must be a food as well. There is one medicine that is both a food and a tonic—it aids digestion, promotes assimilation, converts food into nourishment, builds up nerves, blood, brain and bone. That tonic is Ferrozone which contains exactly what a run-down system needs. Ferrozone supplies oxygen to purify the blood, phosphorus to develop the brain, iron to harden the muscles, and so on. You'll eat, sleep, think and feel better by using Ferrozone; try it now. Fifty cents buys a box of fifty capsules—Ferrozone tablets, at all dealers.

AT THE VICTORIA.

Florence Roberts Will Appear To-Night—Close of the Harold Nelson Engagement.

Florence Roberts, a favorite on the stage the continent over will appear here this evening in the little role of "An La Mont," a new problem play given in four acts. Not only does the title role give Miss Roberts every opportunity to run the full gamut of human emotions, but half a dozen other characters in the play conspire to carry out an insistent dramatic and comedy element throughout four acts. Armstrong, the author, is said to have made his characters very much like Frederick Remington—draws his pictures with broad, bold strokes which teach the human understanding and mean truth in every dash, angle and line. His creed is optimism, his themes interesting, but it is in the manner of his telling that Armstrong has won success.

Engagement Closed. The engagement of the Harold Nelson Company closed Saturday night at the Victoria theatre. "Richelieu" and "Francesca da Rimini" were the offerings at the afternoon and night performances, but neither drew a full house. The company at night appeared to much better advantage than they did at the opening performance. Mr. Nelson being evidently stronger in tragedy on the stage than in any other role.

The new orchestra at the Victoria theatre made its first appearance during the Nelson engagement, and scored quite a hit with these pieces. Signor Claudio is the leader. The new orchestra is a small one, but its players are well selected. It will no doubt be greatly enjoyed by those attending the Victoria in the future.

Miss Vic Brunner and Miss Peckie Lloyd, believed to be residents of Syracuse, were injured so severely on Saturday that there is little chance of recovery. An automobile in which they were riding plunged through an iron fence and into the tunnel in Park avenue and 33rd street, New York.

Wood's Phosphodina. The Great English Remedy for all ailments of the digestive system. Has been prescribed and used over 60 years. All drug stores in the Dominion of Canada sell it. It is the only medicine of its kind that cures and does not injure. It is a powerful purgative and a most effective remedy for all ailments of the digestive system. It is a powerful purgative and a most effective remedy for all ailments of the digestive system.

KING OSCAR. Has Formally Resumed the Reins of Government.

Stockholm, Sweden, Oct. 14.—King Oscar formally resumed the reins of government today, which he relinquished on August 30th last to Crown Prince Gustave as regent, while His Majesty went to Marstrand for his health.

Condensed Advertisements.

Rates for insertion in THE TIMES: All classifications, except Births, Marriages and Deaths, 7 cent per word per day; six insertions for the price of four; no advertisement taken for less than 27 cents. Time rates on application.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

KAI CHUNG & BROS., 108 Government St. Employment agency, servants and laborers for any work. Ring up phone 1128. Boot and shoe store.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this advertisement in the Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

MRS. E. HOOD, nurse, 17 Alfred street, is prepared to receive cases of nursing. Phone 4300.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this advertisement in the Times.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

WANTED—A boy. Apply Albion Store Works, Pembroke street.

WANTED—A short iron worker. Apply Albion Store Works, Pembroke street.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this advertisement in the Times.

DETECTIVES WANTED—For profitable secret service work; to act under orders; no experience necessary. Write: Wab. Adams Detective Agency, Des Moines, Iowa.

WANTED—A boy. Apply Albion Store Works, Pembroke street.

WANTED—A short iron worker. Apply Albion Store Works, Pembroke street.

WHEN ANSWERING advertisements under this heading please say that you saw this advertisement in the Times.

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FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

Advertisements under this head a cent a word each insertion.

DUTCH BULBS—Add hyacinth glasses. Jay & Co.

PRIVATE SALE—Of bedroom, dining room and kitchen furniture, from 1 to 6 p. m. any day. 372 Johnson street.

FOR SALE—One fine light goat, and one stinging canary. Apply W. Bratner, still-side Ave.

MAHOAGAN FURNITURE—Guns, stoves, steam engines, express wagon, buggies, cars, etc. for sale at Britannia's, 401 Church, cor. Broad and Pandora streets. Phone 4600.

ENGINE FOR SALE—10 horse power. Can be seen in operation at the Times Building, 20 Broad street, running since—June—chinery.

30 TONS of Nantam potatoes for sale, \$10 per ton, from Sept. 15th to Oct. 15th; freight and cartage included. Apply King Sing Wing, 54 Flanagan street.

FOR SALE—Cheap, 24 h. p. electric motor, almost new. Hanger sewing machine, roller top desk, oak combination book case and desk, ship carpenter's tools. At Old Curiosity Shop, cor. Fort and Blanchard streets.

FOR SALE—\$2,000 will buy a house and lot with \$1,000 down, 200 ft. frontage, 100 ft. deep, 2500 cash, balance in monthly payments, 7 1/2 percent interest at 5 percent. Address Box 77, Victoria, B. C.

FURNITURE—Seals, alright, heaters, wanted. Steam engine for sale. At Britannia's, 401 Church, cor. Broad and Pandora streets. Phone 4600.

FOR SALE—Horse of all kinds, from \$50 up, new and second-hand buggies, cars and wagons, from \$10 up; a few first-class fresh cows. Apply Fisher's Carriage Shop, Store street.

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LEE & FRASER.

Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 9 and 11 Trowbridge Avenue.

TO RENT—Large furnished house, about 10 acres of land, good stable, rent reasonable.

STANLEY AVE. AND N. EMBROKE STREET—Large corner lot, a snap for \$200, and on easy terms, \$5 per month.

114 STREET—Cor. William, one lot, for \$125.

MICHIGAN STREET—2 houses and half lot, sewer connections, etc.; price \$1,575; good investment.

NORTH ROAD—Cottage, 3 rooms, fruit trees, large lot, can be had on very easy terms; price \$1,000.

CRAIGFLOWER ROAD, CARLINE—Large lot; price \$250, easy terms.

CAREY ROAD—Near Creamery, lots \$50 each; terms, \$10 down and \$5 per month.

HOUSES TO RENT—See our list of vacant dwellings; we have a good list to select from.

Money to Loan: Fire and Life Insurance; also Choice Farm Lands.

LEE & FRASER, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 9 and 11 Trowbridge Avenue.

PEMBERTON & SON, Real Estate, Financial & Insurance Agents, 45 Fort Street.

CEDAR HILL ROAD—Plots of land varying in size from 2 to 5 acres; price \$150 to \$300 per acre; terms easy.

CAREY ROAD—3 acres, near Graham F. O., \$550.

PELTAM ROAD, CEDAR HILL—5 acres of land, mostly in orchard, with large 11 roomed house and good outbuildings.

STRAWBERRY VALE—25 acres, 5 acres in orchard, small cottage and outbuildings; price \$2,800.

M'NEILL'S BAY—2 acres, fronting on the sea, of good land; splendid building site.

FOUL BAY ROAD—1 acre first-class land, \$500.

SWINERTON & ODDY, 102 GOVERNMENT STREET.

30 ACRES—South Saanich, 40 cleared, in crop, 3 roomed dwelling, barn and stable, orchard of 40 trees; stock for sale; price \$5,000.

150 ACRES—Denman Island, 20 acres logged up, 60 acres cleared, 100 acres in crop, 3 roomed dwelling, 100 trees, stock for sale at a bargain. Price, if sold before Nov. 1st, \$2,800.

40 ACRES—Cowichan District, 20 acres cultivated, 3 acres being cleared; Koksilah River runs half mile, half mile from Cowichan Station; \$2,800.

124 ACRES—Salt Spring Island, 10 cleared, 10 unshaded, barn 50x60, new shed 20x40, poultry house, orchard, 100 trees, 3 roomed dwelling; only \$1,200.

121-ACRE FARM, SAANICH—All clear, good water and drainage, rich strong soil, orchard, 2 story house, stone foundation, barn and stable, new church and school; one of the best farms in the district; \$10,000.

30 ACRES of the above farm can be had for \$4,500.

51-4 ACRES—Gordon Head, good land, \$625.

A LARGE LIST of acreage close to city.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE.

In amounts of \$500 and upwards, at current rates of interest.

Insure in the Connecticut Fire Ins. Co.

J. STUART YATES, 22 Bastion Street.

FOR SALE—Cheap, land close to Gore, Trunway Terminal, in quantities to suit intending purchaser.

PINE 5-ACRE BLOCKS—Between Gore and Burnside roads, on easy terms.

CRAIGIE LEA FARM—Comprising 140 acres, with dwelling house, 4-acre orchard and farm buildings.

LOTS 108 AND 109, VICTORIA CITY—With 2 story buildings, at assessed valuation.

TO RENT—Large wharf, at foot of Yates street, with large, commodious sheds.

GOOD BUILDING LOTS—in Esquimalt town.

SECTION 16—Esquimalt District, fronting on Royal Roads.

TO RENT—Large wharf, at foot of Yates street, with large, commodious sheds.

THOMAS CATERALL—16 Broad street. Building in all its branches; wharf work and general jobbing. Tel. 520.

ESTIMATES GIVEN on moving buildings; work carefully done at reasonable prices. Johnson & Co., 111 North Pembroke St.

DICKSON & HOWES, 131 to 135 Johnson street, Grimsby Block, Victoria, manufacturers of show cases and store fixtures in hard and soft wood; designs and estimates furnished.

JOHN HAGGARTY—Contractor

CLARETS

BARTON & GUESTIER'S
and
EVARISTE DUPONT & CO.
BORDEAUX.

R. P. Rithet & Co., Ltd.

E. G. PRIOR & CO., LD

GENERAL

Hardware Merchants

123 Government St.,

VICTORIA

AND AT VANCOUVER.

D. A. 278.

HALL'S
COMPOUND SYRUP OF
HYPOPHOSPHITES

THE BEST
Blood and nerve builder. Drives away that
dread spring feeling.

\$1.00 A BOTTLE
HALL & CO.,

DISPENSING CHEMISTS,
Clarence Block, Cor. Douglas and Yates Sts.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria
Meteorological Department.

Victoria, Oct. 16.—8 a. m.—The barometer
remains about thirty inches over the west-
ern portion of the continent and fair
weather is general, with frosts both on
Vancouver Island and the Lower Mainland.
Light to moderate winds prevail along the
Coast, and fine weather extends across the
Dominion to Manitoba.

Forecasts.

For 26 hours ending 5 p. m. Tuesday.
Victoria and vicinity—Light to moderate
winds, generally fair and cold at night.
Lower Mainland—Light variable winds,
generally fair and cold at night.

Reports.

Victoria—Barometer, 30.22; temperature,
30; minimum, 20; wind, 4 miles N. W.;
rain, 0.1; weather, clear.
New Westminster—Barometer, 30.18; tem-
perature, 32; minimum, 22; wind, 4 miles
N. W.; weather, clear.
Nanaimo—Wind, calm; weather, clear.
Kamloops—Barometer, 30.12; temperature,
32; minimum, 22; wind, calm; weather,
clear.
Barkerville—Barometer, 30.10; tempera-
ture, 30; minimum, 20; wind, calm; weather,
fair.
San Francisco—Barometer, 30.00; tem-
perature, 52; minimum, 52; wind, 4 miles
E.; weather, clear.
Port Simpson—Barometer, 30.20; tempera-
ture, 34; minimum, 24; wind, 4 miles E.;
weather, clear.

CANADIAN NOTES.

Suicide in Hospital—Bribery Charge Will
Be Investigated.

Toronto, Oct. 14.—Mayor Urquhart has
called a meeting of the board of con-
trol to investigate charges against the
alderman who is said to have received a
bribe for his vote in connection with
granting to Ruddy Bros. by the council,
a permit to carry on pork-packing busi-
ness on Rattion road.

Acquitted.

Barrie, Oct. 14.—Alexis De Roche has
been acquitted by a jury of murdering
his wife and daughter with an axe in
April last, on the ground of insanity.

Suicide.

Barrie, Oct. 14.—Thomas Hurst, aged
44 years, a former employee of the G. T.
R., committed suicide at the general hos-
pital during the night by hanging him-
self to a beam in a vacant room attached
to one of the wards. Hurst was to have
undergone an operation for amputation
of an arm to-day. He leaves a widow
and family.

Telephone Girls Strike.

Galt, Ont., Oct. 14.—Three telephone
girls went on strike this afternoon, owing
to dissatisfaction with new regulations
of the manager imposing twenty minutes'
additional work per day. Three girls
tried to induce others to join them, but
failed.

**DODD'S
KIDNEY
PILLS**

CURES RHEUMATISM
BRUISES, GRAVEL,
DIABETES, ETC.

WAS HIS FLYING MACHINE A SUCCESS?
"Oh, yes, it failed to work before it got far
enough up to hurt."—Life.

Dear Mother

Your little ones are a constant care in
Fall and Winter weather. They will
catch cold. Do you know about Shiloh's
Consumption Cure, the Lung Tonic, and
what it has done for so many? It is said
to be the only reliable remedy for all
coughs of the air passages in children.
It is absolutely harmless and pleasant to
take. It is guaranteed to cure or your money
is returned. The price is 25c. per bottle,
and all dealers in medicine sell.

SHILOH

This remedy should be in every household.

CANADA NEEDS
ENLARGED POWERSIN ORDER TO NEGOTIATE
COMMERCIAL TREATIES

Until Granted Dominion Will Not Have
Full Freedom in Making Tariff or
Regulating Trade.

Ottawa, Oct. 6.—Because, when
speaking on the Alaska boundary award,
the prime minister claimed that Canada
must have a larger power of negotiating
treaties than she has ever yet attained,
a great deal of adverse criticism has
been bestowed upon him, and Sir Mac-
kenzie Bowell, in the senate, deduced
from the premier's remarks that he was
preparing the Dominion for independ-
ence.

In the commons, too, Mr. R. L. Bor-
den took exception to the views which
Sir Wilfrid Laurier had expressed, but
concluded with the remarkable state-
ment, "I submit, Mr. Speaker, that our
freedom is not a gift but a birthright,
and I consider, further, that the rights
we have acquired with regard to nego-
tiating our own treaties are not a gift
but our own birthright, which comes to
us gradually with the development of
the country."

This statement is rather at variance
with Sir Mackenzie Bowell's views, for
he said, two days later, "But when he
talks of Canada making her own treaties,
I lay down this principle, which I think
every man in the country will accept,
that so long as we are part of the British
empire, it is incompatible with our
status as an integral part of the empire
to claim the right to make our own
treaties independent of the imperial
authorities. It is incompatible with the
position we occupy, and I do not think
it at all necessary that we should have
that power."

It is very difficult to harmonize the two
positions taken by the two leaders of the
Conservative party. Mr. Borden holds
that the treaty-making power is our
birthright, to be enjoyed by us at our
majority, whilst Sir Mackenzie holds
that the possession of the power is incom-
patible with our position as a colony of
the British Empire. But it is on record
that the obtaining of the right to make her
own treaties has been part of the Liberal
party's platform for thirty years, and
during a long portion of that thirty years
Mr. Borden was occupying a prominent
position in the Liberal party. Possibly
some of the old Liberal still adheres to
him and this is the part.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, speaking on the
subject, was very clear. He said: "It
is not a new subject; it is a very old one.
It has been a plank in the platform of
the Liberal party for thirty years. If I
were to go back to the initiation of this
subject, I would go back to the year
1870, when Mr. Huntington introduced
a resolution claiming for Canada the
treaty-making power. The subject was
taken up later on by Mr. Blake, by my
right honorable colleague, the minister
of trade and commerce (Sir Richard
Cartwright) and by the late Mr. Mills.
My hon. friend (Mr. Borden) asks: Have
you not to-day all the powers you want?
(Can you not be introduced into the
treaty which may be negotiated? But,
while it is true that Canada would be
invited into any treaty which might take
place, in which our interests would be
concerned, still we have believed in the
past that this would not be sufficient for
our national development. We have
wanted to have the full treaty-making
powers for ourselves. But, says my hon.
friend, this would carry the right of
peace or war. I can tell my hon. friend
that he is under a great misconception.
We have no intention of acquiring
such right. Take the matter with which
we are now dealing, the matter of the
Alaska boundary treaty. What we want
is the right of taking the initiative
in carrying out the policy of the coun-
try, and of being responsible, but it does
not follow that we want to dispense al-
together with the power and authority of
the Mother Country. On the contrary,
never in any resolution presented to it,
was the Canadian parliament asked to
claim the power of negotiating treaties
without any reference to the authority of
the crown of England. All that was
ever asked was that we should have the
power to negotiate." Further on he
quoted the resolution moved by Hon.
David Mills in 1892, as follows: "That
it is expedient to obtain the necessary
powers to enable Her Majesty the
Queen, through her representative the
Governor-General of Canada, upon the
advice of his ministers, to appoint an
agent to negotiate commercial treaties
with other British possessions or foreign
states subject to the prior consent or sub-
sequent approval of the parliament of
Canada." That resolution was, of
course, voted down by the whole strength
of the empire, has her own ministers,
and they are as much ministers of the
British crown as are the members of the
British cabinet, and the granting of such
powers would simply mean the transfer,

under the supreme control of His Ma-
jesty of the authority to exercise such
powers from one set of his ministers to
another.

Clause 91 of the British North Amer-
ica Act confers on the parliament of
Canada authority to legislate on all mat-
ters affecting the regulation of trade and
commerce, and the raising of money by
any mode or system of taxation. In
other words, it confers the power to
regulate commerce and to enact a tariff.
But unless this is, according to the
preference of the Dominion, to be used
to negotiate commercial treaties, Can-
ada has not full freedom in making
her tariff or regulating her trade and
commerce.

This was exemplified in the case of
the preferential tariff which the govern-
ment wished to give a preference to the
motherland, but it was found that the
Belgian and German treaties stood in
the way, nor was it until these treaties
had been denounced and new ones effect-
ed by the motherland, from which Can-
ada was excluded, that the preference
was able to accomplish the end for
which it was designed. When those
treaties were denounced Canada ceased
to be hampered by them, but as long as
the motherland insisted on maintaining
them, so long was Canada unable to en-
joy the privilege of directing her tariff
as she desired.

The fiscal or tariff necessities of the
motherland and Canada may not always
be in accord, and in that case Canada
would have to give way to the require-
ments of Great Britain, and to allow
those requirements to control her tariff
to a certain extent. That such a condi-
tion of facts should continue cannot be
reasonably expected, especially with a
country growing in power like Canada.
Nor can it be expected that the neces-
sities of the two countries can always be
such as to prevent friction. Circum-
stances may arise at any time which
would seriously hamper Canada should
she be found to permit treaties which
may affect her internal arrange-
ments and her foreign commerce to be
negotiated by statesmen who are bound
in the first place to consider the ex-
igencies of the motherland. Besides, it
does not always occur that the men who
are negotiating treaties for the mother-
land fully understand the methods of
thought or the necessities of all the col-
onies.

So far from the endowing Canada
with the power to negotiate commercial
treaties being likely to separate the
motherland and the Dominion the effect
would be entirely in the opposite direc-
tion.

The tie which binds the two together
is too strong to render the granting of
treaties being likely to separate the
motherland and the Dominion the effect
would be entirely in the opposite direc-
tion.

ENTERTAINMENT TONIGHT.
By All Foster at the Congregational
Church.
A dramatic entertainment will be given
by All Foster, of Australia, this evening
at the Congregational church, Pandora
avenue. The programme will include
songs, stories and dramatic recitals
(humorous and pathetic). Mr. Foster has
the reputation of being an exceptionally
clever entertainer, and a pleasant time
is promised all attending. No admission
will be charged, and a cordial invitation
is extended all interested. The complete
programme follows:

Smiles and Tears
Humorous Recital—The Little
Kiss
Dramatic Recital—The Little
Kiss
The World's Wonderland—The
Giant Carved Homes, Castles,
Houses and Churches
Gypsies, War Dances, etc.; 20 mag-
nificent illustrations of marvelous
beauty.
Dramatic Recital—Charge of the Light
Brigade
Humorous Recital—The Little
Kiss
The World's Wonderland—The
Giant Carved Homes, Castles,
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Gypsies, War Dances, etc.; 20 mag-
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beauty.

Several ladies interested in the work
of the hospitals are to organize a branch
of the St. John's Ambulance Society.
There are a number in eastern cities.
The objects are to maintain a course of
lectures at the various centres on first
aid to the injured. These are graded
by the central organization and diploma
is given to those who pass an examination.
At the end of the third course a medal
is awarded the successful student. It is
thought that much good can be done by
training the police, firemen, and the pub-
lic in general in the way to attend to
injuries before a physician can
be summoned to the spot. Madame
Edge and Macaulay visited Medical
Health Officer Underhill and received
from him the full statement of the work-
ing of the organization, and they will
proceed to organize a local branch.
The adjourned concert on the death of
Norman Davidson, the child who was
killed by a Fairview street car on Wed-
nesday, was concluded Friday. The
only fresh witness examined was Alexan-
der Hamilton, who had been riding in
front with the conductor when it occur-
ed. He stated that he was quite sure
that it was impossible for the motorman
to stop the car and prevent the accident
in the short time at his disposal. The
jury retired and after nearly an hour's
deliberation returned with the following
verdict: "The jury agrees that Norman
Davidson came to his death by being run
over by car No. 40 of the British Colum-
bia electric railway on Granville street,
and from the evidence produced, no

INTERESTING LETTER

WRITTEN BY A NOTABLE WOMAN

Mrs. Sarah Kellogg of Denver, Colo.,
Member of the Woman's Relief Corps,
Sends Thanks to Mrs. Pinkham.



The following
letter was written
by Mrs. Kellogg,
of 1639 Lincoln
Ave., Denver,
Colo., to Mrs. Pink-
ham, Lynn, Mass.:
Dear Mrs. Pinkham:
For five years I
was troubled with a
tumor, which kept
growing, causing me
great mental depression. I was unable to
attend to my house work and life became a
burden to me. I was confined for days to my bed,
lost my appetite, my courage and all hope.
I could not bear to think of an operation,
and in my distress I tried every remedy which
I thought would be of any use to me, and
reading of the value of Lydia E. Pinkham's
Vegetable Compound to sick women decided
to give it a trial. I felt so discouraged that I
had little hope of recovery, and when I began
to feel better, after the second week, thought
it only meant temporary relief, but to my
great surprise I found that I kept gaining,
while the tumor lessened in size.

The Compound continued to build up my
general health and the tumor seemed to be
absorbed, until, in seven months, the tumor
was entirely gone and I a well woman. I am
so thankful for my recovery that I ask you
to publish my letter in newspapers, so other
women may know of the wonderful curative
powers of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable
Compound.

When women are troubled with irregu-
lar or painful menstruation, weakness,
leucorrhoea, displacement or ulceration of
the womb, that bearing-down feeling,
inflammation of the ovaries, back-
ache, flatulence, general debility, indig-
estation and nervous prostration, they
should remember there is one tried and
true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vege-
table Compound at once removes such
trouble.

No other medicine in the world has
received such widespread and unquali-
fied endorsement. No other medicine
has such a record of cures of female
troubles. Refuse to buy any other
medicine.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women
to write her for advice. She has guided
thousands to health. Address, Lynn,
Mass.

Health is too valuable to risk in ex-
periments with unknown and untried
medicines or methods of treatment.
Remember that it is Lydia E. Pinkham's
Vegetable Compound that is curing
women, and don't allow any druggist
to sell you anything else in its place.

PROVINCIAL NEWS.

REVELSTOCK.

The building committee of the Y. M.
C. A. have decided to put up a part of
the building this fall. The gymnasium
4000 feet will be erected with shower
and bath, a swimming pool, bowling
alley and locker room in the basement.
A part of the gymnasium will be par-
tioned off temporarily for social rooms.

FERNIE.

Mrs. McDonald, the boarding house-
keeper, charged with indecency, has
been discharged, the magistrate holding
that the evidence adduced in support of
the charge was inadequate.
The Elk Lumber & Manufacturing
Company, whose mill was destroyed by
fire a short time ago, have finally de-
cided on rebuilding their mill on the site
of the former one. The foundation will
be constructed wholly of stone right up
to the saw floor and from the saw floor
up the structure will be steel.

ROSSLAND.

It is announced that the Le Roi No. 2
has obtained the consent of the manage-
ment of the Le Roi Mining Company to
extend a cross-cut from the 1,500-foot
level of the Le Roi into the Josie ground,
for the purpose of prospecting the Josie
at depth. The Le Roi No. 2 has had in
contemplation for some time past the
deepening of its lower levels, and had
arranged for sinking a shaft from the
900-foot level down to the 1,500-foot
level. The plan to be followed of ex-
ploring the ground from the 1,500-foot
level will save considerable time and
money. The ore is found as it is ex-
posed it will be, it can either be ex-
tracted by taking it out through the Le
Roi workings, or the shaft can be ex-
tended down from the 900-foot level and
the ore taken out through the shaft. The
plan that is to be followed was propo-
sed when A. J. McMillan was manager of
the Le Roi, several months ago, but for
some reason or other the negotiations
were broken off.

The following are the shipments for
the week ending Saturday evening: Le
Roi, 1,000 tons; Le Roi (milled), 210
tons; Centre Star, 2,310 tons; War
Eagle, 1,140 tons; Le Roi No. 2, 240
tons; Junibo, 200 tons; total, 5,700 tons;
total for the year, 255,333 tons.

VANCOUVER.

Several ladies interested in the work
of the hospitals are to organize a branch
of the St. John's Ambulance Society.
There are a number in eastern cities.
The objects are to maintain a course of
lectures at the various centres on first
aid to the injured. These are graded
by the central organization and diploma
is given to those who pass an examination.
At the end of the third course a medal
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and from the evidence produced, no

HOTEL STRATHCONA

SHAWNIGAN LAKE

Pleasure Boats, Fishing, Tennis and Croquet Lawns, Bath Houses, Etc.

Mrs. J. H. WARK, - - - Proprietress

B. & K. ROLLED OATS

"NO WEEVILS
NO NASTY HUSKS"

For Lumber, Sash, Doors,

And All Kinds of Building Material, Go to

THE TAYLOR MILL CO., LIMITED LIABILITY,

MILL, OFFICE AND YARDS, NORTH GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

P. O. BOX 628. TEL. 564.

blame can be attached to the motorman
or conductor. The jury strongly recom-
mends that the British Columbia Electric
Railway Company should be compelled to
provide satisfactory automatic funders,
those now in use being unsatisfactory
and obsolete. We are of the opinion that
the British Columbia Electric Railway
Company should enforce strict rules gov-
erning motormen, when approaching
cross streets."

NEW WESTMINSTER.

The old torpedo boat Royal City has
been chartered by Eastern parties, who
have become interested in timber limits
up the coast, to take them on a tour of
inspection over their various properties.
They have secured the boat for a month,
and so it is likely that they are in for a
thorough exploring trip.

John Hume, of Sapperton, was found
lying between the tracks of the B. C.
Electric Railway Company and the
Great Northern railway at 7:30 Friday
evening in an unconscious condition, and
died shortly after, but what was the
cause has not yet been ascertained. When
Motorman Fletcher was bringing in the
car from Sapperton at 7:30, he noticed
the man lying between the tracks and
stopped. He was picked up and put on
the car to be taken to the Royal Colum-
bian hospital, but died before he reached
there. It was thought at first he had
been hit by a train or car, but on ex-
amination Dr. Walker found there was
no evidence of that, the only injuries be-
ing small cuts on the man's head, caused
by falling on the sharp gravel. It is
thought the cause of death was apoplexy.
There was no train on the Great North-
ern since 4:30 in the afternoon, and the
deceased was seen a short time prior to
being found. Hume resided in Sapperton,
and was employed in the Brunette
sawmills. He was about 45 years of age
and leaves a wife and five children to
mourn his death.

SEALSON.

Oliver Wethered, a well known man in
financial and mining circles in London,
who as chairman of the London & British
Columbia Goldfields Company, is much
interested in the development of
this upper country, is here on a protracted
visit, and will remain in the district,
making Nelson his headquarters for the
next thirty days. After having seen the
progress made in the development of the
Yukon mine, Mr. Wethered will look at
some other of his interests, such as the
Enterprise and the Cascade power plant.
Mr. Wethered, having some zinc in the
properties he holds, is naturally keen to
learn of the progress that is made in the
development of this resource. As to the
future plans of his company, Mr. Wethered
is reticent, declaring that he will be the
better able to talk after he has more
or less completed his tour of inspection.

"In a very short time the concentrating
plant of the La Plata Mining Company
will be completed and in operation. The
effect on the production and shipments
from the company's chief property, the
Molly Gibson mine, will be felt at once,"
says the News. "The value of the ore
has been proved to be very high, and ex-
ploration at all the levels has demon-
strated that the deposit of high grade sil-
ver-lead ore is of great extent. Shipments
are being made regularly to the local
smelter with results declared to be quite
satisfactory to the owners. T. H. Trethe-
wey, manager of the La Plata Mining
Company, operating the Molly Gibson
mine, returned to the city Wednesday,
accompanied by Mrs. Trethewey. Seen
at the Strathcona by a reporter of the
News, Mr. Trethewey said: 'The chief
feature of the work at the mines just now
is the rushing of work on the concentra-
tor. All possible haste is being made
with it consistent with good workman-
ship and care. In the meantime we are
maintaining regular shipments to the
local smelter with very satisfactory
results. When the concentrating plant is
completed it will be placed in charge of
Charles Culver as superintendent. He
is an old-timer in Kootenay, and has
had many years' experience of the same
kind of work in the mines around Sandon.
No, we have no new strikes to report. We
don't want any. If what we have struck
will last long enough, we shall be quite
content.'"

VICTORIA THEATRE.

Monday, Oct. 16th.

Mr. John Cort Announces

Florence Roberts

—IN—

"Ann LaMont"

BY PAUL ARMSTRONG.

Author of "The Heat to the Moorah."
Prices, \$1.50, \$1.00, 50c; gallery, 25c.
Seats on sale Friday at Wain's Music Store,
beg. 10 o'clock, by Mrs. Miss Rob-
erts's only appearance here this season.

Painless Dentistry

Dentistry in all its branches as fine as
can be done in the world, and absolutely
free from the SLIGHTEST PAIN. Extrac-
tion, filling, fitting of crowns and bridges
without pain or discomfort.
Examine work done at the West Dental
Parlors and compare with any you have
ever seen and then judge for yourself.

Painless, Artistic and Reliable

Are the Watchwords of Our Office.
Consultation and your teeth cleaned free.
Full set, \$7.50; silver fillings, \$1.00 up; gold
fillings, \$2.00 up; gold crowns, \$5.00 up.
In fact, all operations as reasonable as cost
watchwords can make them.
Remember the address:

The West Dental Parlors

THE IMPERIAL BANK CHAMBERS,

Corner Yates and Government Streets

(Entrance on Yates St.)

Office hours, 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.; evenings,
from 7 to 8:30.

Office hours, 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.; evenings,
from 7 to 8:30.

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The Daily Times

Published every day (except Sunday)

Times Printing & Publishing Co.

JOHN NELSON,

Managing Director.

Offices: 25 Broad Street

Telephone: 45

Business Office: 1000

Daily, one month, by carrier: 75

Daily, one week, by carrier: 20

Daily, by mail, per annum: \$5.00

Twice a Week Times, per annum: \$1.00

Copy for changes of advertisements must be handed in at the office not later than 9 o'clock a. m.; if received later than that hour will be changed the following day.

Special Eastern Canadian representative, H. V. Kahle, Rooms 116-117 Mail Bldg., Toronto.

The DAILY TIMES is on sale at the following places in Victoria:

Jones' Cigar Store, Douglas Street.

Smiley's Cigar Stand, 25 Government St.

Knap's Stationery Store, 75 Yates St.

Victoria News Co., Ltd., 80 Yates St.

Victoria Book & Stationery Co., 61 Gov't.

E. N. Hibben & Co., 65 Government St.

A. Edwards, 51 Yates St.

West & Munro, Gov't and Gov't.

George Marston, Yates and Gov't.

H. W. Walker, grocer, Reginald road.

W. Wilby, 21 Douglas St.

Mrs. Cook, Victoria West post office.

Pope Stationery Co., 119 Government St.

J. Redding, Craigflower road, Victoria W.

T. McDonald, Oak Bay Junction.

F. G. Pell, Beaumont P. O.

Mrs. Colburn, Oak Bay.

A. Saunders, Menzies and Michigan Sts.

Mrs. Talbot, Cook and Pandora Sts.

Mrs. Marshall, Gorge and Gorge.

Geo. G. Anderson, Navy Cigar Store, Gov't.

Nell MacDonald, East End Grocery, cor.

Paul and Oak Bay Ave.

A. Adams, Stanley Ave. & Cadboro Bay Rd.

Le Roy, Palace Cigar Store, Gov't St.

Orders taken at Geo. Marston's for delivery of Daily Times.

The TIMES is also on sale at the following places:

Seattle-Lowman & Hanford, 616 First Ave. (opposite Pioneer Square); Hotel Seattle News Stand; Knap's Grand Hotel News Stand.

Vancouver-Vancouver Hotel; Galloway & Co.

New Westminster-J. J. McKay; H. Morey & Co.

Kamloops-Smith Bros.

Dawson & White Horse-Bennett News Co.

Kamloops-H. S. Wallace; M. W. Simpson.

Nanaimo-H. Pimbury & Co.

White Horse, Y. T.-Bennett News Co.

Neville-C. D. Beattie, Red Cross Club Store.

Greenwood-Smith & McRae.

Phoenix-McRae Bros. & Smith.

Grand Forks-W. H. Riter.

Fort St. J. A. F. F. F.

Portland, Ore.-At the Fair; Oregon News Co., 1st Sixth St.; McConnell News Co., 1st Sixth St.; Stand, 1st Morrison St.; G. V. Vance.

ABOUT A BANQUET.

Sir Frederick Pollock, the eminent British jurist who has just brought his visit to Victoria to an end, came here for a special purpose. He has a scheme for the consolidation of the British Empire on what he believes—and many persons share his views—to be practical lines. It was for the purpose of feeling the pulse of public opinion that Sir Frederick came to Victoria. The eminent British jurist has got hold of the hand of the public and placed his finger on the wrist which leads to that hand in the course of his associations while in Victoria. But we trust we may not be misunderstood if we express some doubts upon the subject. The legal profession has a strong influence in moulding the political sentiment of Canada, the legal profession has perhaps a commanding influence within the councils which govern the Dominion. The legal profession may have sounded the depths of public opinion in Canada, but we doubt whether the legal profession was authorized to convey to Sir Frederick Pollock the public sentiment upon the subject of Imperial Federation as embodied in the views of the Sir Frederick Pollock. Therefore we say that if the British jurist for information in the course of his researches in other portions of Canada delivered himself exclusively into the hands of the class who practically monopolized him in Victoria, there is a danger that he may not in all cases have got his finger upon the pulse of real public opinion.

It is probably true that a goodly number of people would have been eager to read in print the speech delivered by Sir Frederick at the banquet tendered him by the members of the legal profession in Victoria. But if the members of the legal profession who paid for the dinner desired to monopolize the good things that were said as well as the rich viands prepared, that was their privilege. There is no reason why offence should be taken by anyone because of the decision of the committee responsible for the arrangements. It seems that at the eleventh hour it occurred to some one that it might be well to have one of the objectionable individuals known as newspaper reporters amongst the joyous company and taking notes. As newspaper writers sometimes have work to do, and are not invariably hanging around hungry waiting for invitations to festive boards, none was available. Consequently the speech of Sir Frederick Pollock was not reported.

VICTORIA EXHIBITION.

Doubtless the managers of the Victoria industrial exhibition understand their business. We presume it is their intention to revive the show which was temporarily suspended in deference to the wishes of the projectors of the Dominion fair. The Times has the authority of one of the most energetic and successful agriculturists on Vancouver Island that the exhibition held in Victoria last year was in few respects inferior and in many respects superior to the New Westminster show held this year. The management was precise and business-like in its methods, every detail was attended to with assiduity by a corps of alert officials, all awards were made and premiums paid with promptitude, so that no exhibitor left the grounds in a state of uncertainty as to the time when his accounts with the association would be settled. The consequence is that the Victoria exhibition stands high

in the estimation of all exhibitors. This favorable impression is one of the most valuable assets of the association. But in order that this asset may be utilized to the fullest advantage, preparations must be made at the earliest date possible for the exhibition of 1906. The management of the New Westminster show has already fixed the date of its meeting for next year, and this notwithstanding the fact of the announcement that the courtesy of Victoria in foregoing her exhibition this year in order not to endanger the success of the Dominion fair would receive consideration at the annual meeting. The New Westminster directors, no doubt, inadvertently, overlooked that promise. In any event, no one really expected that the mainland people would suspend their annual function as a mark of appreciation of the goodwill of the islanders. The point of importance for us to remember is that all well-appointed and successfully managed industrial and agricultural associations make preparations for the exhibition of the coming year immediately on the closing of that of the current year. The farming community, we have expressed says it is not too soon now to prepare the way for our annual fall show. There are many matters requiring immediate attention if the degree of success which attended our last exhibition is to be attained.

THE ATTORNEY.

GENERAL'S LATEST.

Evidence accumulated that Hon. Charles Wilson, K. C., Attorney-General of British Columbia, is the greatest legal mixer and muddler and the most consummate blunderer that possibly ever held office in any government. The legal machine of the province was a sufficiently complicated construction before it was placed in the charge of its present incompetent director. If it had been left alone in its complications the wheels might have continued to revolve and to turn out in process of time substantial justice to those who were ill-advised enough to resort to law for redress of the grievances under which they believed they were suffering. But Mr. Wilson could not keep his hands off. In the legislature he could not be content unless he was offering amendments to statutes, whose meaning, as a general rule, was not made clearer by the process. Instead of attending to the things he ought to have done the Attorney-General devoted all his energies, which are as considerable as they are generally ill-directed, to matters which it would have been better if he had left alone.

What ought to be, but which probably will not be, the crowning blunder of Attorney-General Wilson's public career, has left the district of Kootenay without a county court judge, to the great inconvenience of the public. Judge Forin has decided that his commission, issued in 1900, and covering the whole of Kootenay, does not empower him to hear cases in the newly created judicial district of West Kootenay. By an order in council, passed at the instance of and drawn up by doubt not by the Attorney-General, Kootenay was divided into two judicial districts for county court purposes. According to the ruling of Judge Forin, judicial business must therefore remain in a state of suspension in the great interior district until a new order in council is passed by the provincial government or until a new commission covering the newly-created district arrives from Ottawa. But of what account is the convenience or the welfare of the public when weighed in the balance against the devotion to his private business of an exceedingly busy and fairly well-paid Attorney-General? Hon. Chas. Wilson has evidently adopted as his motto, the phrase applied to the people by the first of the American line of the Vanderbilts.

Lord Minto has a heavy task before him in India. Some of the English papers are very optimistic over his ability to deal with it because of what they call his success in administering the government of Canada. The cases of the two countries are wholly different. Lord Minto's share in the administration of the government of Canada was nominal. He was expected to originate nothing and to take the responsibility for nothing. He lived up to these expectations, which, with a graceful hospitality and a healthy interest in the welfare of the Dominion, is all we expect of a Governor-General. In India it is different. The Viceroy is more of a ruler in India than Edward VII. is in England.

The coming year will be the most active in railway building in the history of Canada. Thousands of miles of road will be either under actual construction or projected. But laborers are comparatively few and superlatively independent. Railway building is a department of human industry in which machinery has not yet superseded hand work. If the unskilled laborer were alive to his opportunities he would come West and grow up with the country.

The deer shooting season has opened in Maine. So far three guides have been bagged by enthusiastic sportsmen. But wait until northern Ontario is heard from.

TRAFALGAR DAY.

To the Editor:—On Saturday next, the 21st of October, there will be celebrated throughout the British Empire the centenary of Lord Nelson's death at the battle of Trafalgar.

The members of the Navy League in Victoria in honor of the event have arranged for a dinner to be held at 8 p.m. on Saturday, the 21st of October, in the Hotel St. Francis. Although the dinner is being given under the auspices of the



Good Watches

To meet the increasing demand for a good watch at a low price, we have imported a large number of specially made 16 size movements in nickel, gun metal and silver open face cases, which we sell at the astonishingly low figure of \$4.00, \$4.50 and \$5.00 each. They have never been so well made in every respect, and warranted to be good timekeepers. We shall be pleased to have you call and examine them.

C. E. Redfern,

43 Government Street.

Phone 118.

P. O. Box 93.

Walter S. Fraser & Co., Ltd.

Importers and Dealers in

General Hardware

A full line of Air Tight Hoes, Lanterns, etc., Enamel and Tinware.

WHARF STREET.

TELEPHONE NO. 3

P. O. BOX 423.

Victoria, B. C.

Sir Leane, it is not intended that members only shall be present. On the contrary, it has been thought that many who are not members of the league would like to associate themselves in some way with an organized celebration on that day. Accordingly it has been arranged that anyone can join in by obtaining a ticket for the dinner—price \$2.50—either from Mr. Joseph Peterson, the honorary secretary, from myself, or from other members of the committee.

I hope sincerely that the efforts of the Navy League will meet with a full measure of success from our townsmen in Victoria, and that on the evening of the 21st a room well filled with loyal sons of the Empire will be found ready to do honor to the memory of our great naval hero on Trafalgar Day.

SYDNEY A. ROBERTS,
145 Belcher street, Victoria B. C., Oct. 14th, 1905.

OBSTRUCTIONS ON THOROUGH FAIR.

To the Editor:—It is surely time that the attention of the authorities be called to the prevailing habit indulged in by some of our storekeepers in Victoria of using the public sidewalk as a "dumping ground" for their packing cases and superfluous goods. The other evening whilst walking down Broad street in the dusk I nearly fell over a table which had been set down outside presumably with the object of attracting the attention of the passers-by. Any person walking along the Port street end of Douglas, will in nine cases out of ten, have their eyes shocked by the sight of hideous packing cases which are as deliberately put out on the sidewalk as though their owners really desired to create an eyesore in one of the most prominent thoroughfares in the city.

Now, sir, this may seem to be a trifling cause for complaint, but there is more in it than would at first sight appear. Quite apart from the inconvenience and displeasure it may cause to the residents of the town, there is a business aspect which should be considered. Every business man in Victoria is complaining about slack trade and hard times; in spite of the glowing prognostications which are from time to time put before us by the papers of the wonderful future of the capital city; yet it remains a fact that at the present time money is tight. It therefore behooves every resident to do all that he can to make this city as attractive, as possible to those people who do pass through. The excellent efforts of the Tourist Association will be absolutely ineffective if any storekeeper is at liberty to use the sidewalks either as a show room or as a dust bin. It would be well that some action be taken before the habit becomes more general. A little hint from the proper quarters now would no doubt have the required effect, whereas later

on the question might become one for the city council.

AEDILE.

EXAMINATIONS IN DRAWING.

To the Editor:—In Friday's Times I notice an article respecting the trouble Miss Cameron, principal of South Park, is having with Examiner Blair in that he did not allow her pupils in free hand drawing the usual number of marks owing to his imagining some had used rulers. Now to throw out the work of twenty-nine pupils because upon circumstantial evidence the examiner imagined one or two had, is to say the least, a cruel way of disposing of those who did their work honestly. My daughter happens to be one of the class, and did not use a ruler used by any one. As Miss Cameron has asked for an investigation it shows quite plainly she has full confidence in the ability of the class. For a trustee to suggest that Miss Cameron should resign in case the class fail to satisfy at the proposed test is to my mind a good expose of that trustee's brain power. If the class win out, will Examiner Blair be asked to resign? If it is found that Superintendent Robertson did not act wisely in handling the case, will he be asked to resign? What greater compliment could be paid to any teacher than that which Miss Cameron has received, in that, for years, the parents of other wards of the city have applied for permission to send their children to her school? Simply because they recognize her originality and personal worth as an instructor. Of course according to her interpretation of British institutions she may not covet low or salary enough to please those who chance to be in authority, and in consequence will not receive the same consideration from the great master mind that the worthy dame probably kick me round kind otherwise would. Therefore, I hope the trustees will have the courage to see that justice is meted out to all, bearing in mind that the rights of the teacher should be guarded next to that of the home.

W. J. HANNA.

TAKE IT AWAY.

To the Editor:—What is the matter with the street overpass, if there is such an official in Victoria? The sidewalk on Broad street, near Fort, has been closed to pedestrians for several months in consequence of a building being erected. But the building has been erected for several weeks, and to-day it is receiving the last finishing touches from the painters and glaziers, and the sidewalk is still obstructed by a lot of debris which forces pedestrians to the middle of the street. Even the contractor would have to admit that he has been very naughty in the matter.

BROAD ST.

A PERFECT FENCE

IS THE

Ellwood Wire Fence

For farms, lawns and poultry. Descriptive catalogue mailed on application.

THE HICKMAN TYE HARDWARE CO., LTD.

32 and 34 Yates Street, Victoria, B. C.

P. O. DRAWER 613. TELEPHONE 50.

ADVANCE ORDERS

Are now being received for the following Popular

CHRISTMAS PUBLICATIONS

London News, Graphic, Sphere, Black & White, Ladies' Pictorial, Holly Leaves, Globe, Sketch, Figaro, Life, Judge, Puck.

Special attention is called to the winter number of Art Studio. Leave your orders early and be sure of getting what you want.

T. N. Hibben & Co.

DAVID SPENCER Ltd.

Western Canada's Big Store

Silk Petticoat Values

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| <p>CLOAK DEPARTMENT.</p> <p>At \$11.75—Sixteen inch bouce; headed with shirring, deep accordion frill, also pleating and shirring, sixteen inch dust frill. All the favorite colors.</p> <p>At \$9.75—Fourteen inch bouce; shirring, tucking, cording and ruffles. All the favorite colors.</p> <p>At \$13.50—Deep graduated bouce; three frills with shirring on each frill, deep under frill. All the favorite colors.</p> <p>At \$12.50—Fifteen inch bouce; shirring, with two rows cluster tucks and frill, two rows Guipure lace, fifteen inch under frill. Colors, green, brown, navy, black, etc.</p> | <p>New Light Grey Costumes</p> <p>LATEST NEW YORK IDEAS—Made of Canadian Homespun Materials.</p> <p>At \$40—Made of Homespun Coating; same weight as Venetian cloth, extra long coat, silk lined; a plain effect, stitched seams, skirt pleated and stitched.</p> <p>At \$40—Grey Homespun; heavier weight material, tailored seams, front trimmed black velvet and silk braid; skirt box pleated.</p> <p>At \$35—Grey Homespun; medium weight, hip length coat, velvet collar, small pleats on back, skirt pleated.</p> | <p>Furs For Little Money</p> <p>At \$6—Marmot Stole; 60 inches in length, four tails, silk cord fastening, satin lined.</p> <p>At \$7.50—Mink Collar; satin lined, 26 inch, four squirrel tails.</p> <p>At \$8.50—Marmot Stole; 72 inches, six squirrel tails, with cord and satin lined.</p> <p>At \$12.50—Marmot Stole; 72 inches, six tails.</p> <p>At \$8.75—Long Narrow Stole, effect; 80 inches, satin lined, six tails.</p> |
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Shirt Waists

TEN ONLY.

Monday—\$9.75 each. Made of Venetian cloth; colors, green, brown and black, waist tailored with stitched straps, full sleeve with cuff. Skirt pleated and stitched straps. Sizes 34, 36, 38.

New Covert Jackets—Loose and Tight Fitting

Fancy Dep't.

Clarke's Crocket Cotton—all numbers in stock. New stamped Linens. New Neck Frillings at Lace Counter

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|---|---|---|
| <p>Tapestry Couch and Table Covers</p> <p>Bought at one-quarter of the regular. On sale Monday—Carpet Department.</p> <p>COUCH COVERS.</p> <p>2x3 1/2 yards. Prices, \$3.75, \$4.50 and \$8.50.</p> <p>2x3 yards. Prices, \$2.50, \$3.50, \$3.75, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$7.50, \$8.50.</p> <p>2x2 1/2 yards. Prices, \$2.25, \$2.50, \$3.50, \$3.75, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$5.75, \$7.50.</p> <p>TABLE COVERS.</p> <p>2 1/2 yards square. Prices, \$2.50, \$3.50, \$4.75, \$4.50 and \$10.00.</p> <p>2 yards square. Prices, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.50, \$5.75, \$7.50.</p> <p>1 1/2 yards square. Price 75c. each.</p> | <p>Damask Table Covers</p> <p>\$9 Only. Exceptional Values.</p> <p>2 yards square, at \$1.50.</p> <p>2x2 1/2 yards, at \$2.75.</p> <p>2x3 yards, at \$3.50.</p> <p>2x3 1/2 yards, at \$4.75.</p> <p>These cloths were bought at the manufacturer's sample discount, there being no two cloths alike.</p> | <p>1,000 Yards Skirt Bindings</p> <p>Se. Quality. Monday, 5c. yard. Brush edge with velvet top. Colors, black, navy, brown and cardinal.</p> |
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Flannelettes

34 inches wide, in white, pink, blue, 15c. yard.

32 inches wide, white, pink, blue, 12 1/2c. yard.

Striped Flannelette, pink and blue designs, medium weight, 36 inches wide, 10c. yard.

Cream Shaker Flannelette (unshrinkable), 26 inches wide, 25c. yard.

28 inches wide, Splendid material for undershirts and baby wear, 35c. yard.

FLANNELETTE BLANKETS.

10-4 \$1.00

11-4 \$1.25

12-4 \$1.50

USEFUL TO KNOW

BALDNESS

Some people think Baldness is hereditary. Because their father was bald they think they must be bald also. In other words, because your father neglected treating his dandruff you must show the same neglect.

JANES' Hair Restorer PREVENTS BALDNESS

It kills the Dandruff germs that cause itching and Dandruff, followed by Falling Hair and finally entire loss of the hair. It will positively check the most stubborn case of baldness.

For Sale by ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS 25c, 50c. and \$1.00 per bottle.

MUMM'S EXTRA DRY CHAMPAGNE

IS NOW ON SALE IN HALF PINTS (SPLITS)

THIS SIZE IS SPECIALLY ADAPTED FOR FINE CLUB PHYSICIAN'S RESTAURANT AND DOMESTIC USE.

PITHER & LEISER, Sole Agents.

Cartridges

The World's Best

Eley's Smokeless, Kynock Smokeless, Curtis & Harvey's, Ambrite, Dupont, Etc., Etc.

To Be Obtained at

John Barnsley & Co.

115 Government Street.

GUNS REPAIRED

A Book Exchange

Is there some particular book or set of books you want to secure? If you have other books to offer in exchange try a want ad.



BRUSHES

We cannot help praising the fine quality of our Hair Brushes. They are pure French bristles, solid back, and a variety of woods, including Ebony, Rose Wood, Olive Wood, etc. Prices from 50c. up.

COMBS

In great variety, from 10c. to 75c. NAIL BRUSHES Of many kinds. COME AND SEE OUR STOCK.

Cyrus H. Bowes, Chemist
98 Government St., Near Yates

Another Hurry-Up Order

MODERN BUNGALOW

Freshly made part of the city, two lots. Particulars on application. Stores and dwellings to let. Money to Loan. Fire Insurance Written.

P. R. Brown Co., Ltd.
30 BROAD ST.
Phone 1078. P. O. Box 428.

To Homeseekers!

I am now offering at reasonable prices and to suit purchasers some of the finest sites in Victoria suitable for residential purposes, also acreage, good rich soil, ideal for fruit growing. For further particulars apply to

JAS. A. DOUGLAS

Real Estate Office,
20 BASTION ST.



New Styles for Autumn

As displayed here are of absorbing interest to all who would dress fashionably and well. We have some new creations in fancy shirts that are matches for beauty, at \$1.25 and \$1.50 each. Neckwear that rivals the richest autumn colors in its elegance, at 20c., in knots, English squares and four-in-hand styles. Umbrellas in a bewildering array of handsome handles at \$1.00 to \$3.00; self-openers, \$1.50 and \$2.25 each. Gloves, underwear, hosiery; all of the latest and newest styles, at very moderate prices.

W. G. CAMERON,
55 JOHNSON STREET.

Good Dry Wood

Burt's Wood & Coal Yard
51 Pandora St. Telephone 528 or 941.

MONEY SAVED

IS MONEY EARNED

By buying your Piano from us before October 21st you can save from \$50 to \$150, and buy on very easy terms—\$8 down and \$2 per week. Over fifty new high-grade instruments to select from. This is indeed A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY.

FLETCHER BROS.

93 GOV'T. ST.

HOW'S THIS?

TWO LOTS

AND—

SMALL COTTAGE

ON THE FORT ST. CAR LINE.
If you want a bargain, call at our office for particulars, as this will be sold at

Only \$550

GRANT & CONYERS

NO. 2 VIEW STREET,
Opposite Entrance to Driard Hotel.

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF

SPECIAL SALES

Toilet Goods Combs Brushes Skin Tonics Perfumes, Etc.

B. C. DRUG STORE
Tel. 354. 27 Johnson Street.
J. TRAGUE, Proprietor.

RUPTURE

Heard's appliance for all forms of Rupture in men, women and children are guaranteed and endorsed by physicians everywhere. OFFICE, 76 YATES ST., UP-STAIRS.

Lifebuoy Soap—disinfectant—is strongly recommended by the medical profession as a safeguard against infectious diseases.

—Takes in supply of "SLAB WOOD" before the first weather sets in. To be had at Lemon, Gonnason & Co.'s, mills. Telephone 77. Prompt delivery.

—Xmas Photos.—A dozen beautifully finished Platino's on flexible mountings with covers to match, regular price \$7; during October \$5. At the Skene Lowe studio next month the price will again be \$7.

—On account of the indisposition of E. H. Russell and the inability of H. Kent to take the rehearsal, there will be no practice of the Arion Club this evening.

—Wall Paper.—We cannot let our stocks accumulate so we reluctantly clear out our wall paper of all old rolls, part rolls and slow lots. We cut prices so low that the clearance is quickly over, and we make friends by the bargain we give. Your chance is right now. Weiler Bros.

—Tenders for the supply of fresh beef, mutton, vegetables and bread for His Majesty's ships at Esquimalt will be received up to noon Tuesday, October 24th, by Howard C. M. Bills, paymaster R. N. H. M. Sharnwater. The accepted tenders will take effect from November 1st, 1905.

—Lieut.-Col. J. A. Hall, commanding the Fifth Regiment, has issued the following order: "The regiment will parade at the drill hall on Sunday, the 22nd of October, at 10 a. m. for the purpose of attending divine service at Christ church cathedral. Staff and band will attend. Dress: church parade order, pugarets to be worn with helmets."

—The A. O. U. W. anniversary will be celebrated on the 27th of October, when the local lodges will hold a banquet at the St. Francis hotel. Grand Master Workman Devine and Grand Foreman Biddings, of Vancouver, and Grand Over-seer W. H. Smith, of Ladner, have been invited to attend. Members of the three local lodges will attend the regular meeting of Vancouver lodge, No. 5, at the A. O. U. W. hall prior to the banquet, and from there will proceed to the St. Francis hotel. Each lodge has committed at work making preparations for the banquet, and it is expected, that inasmuch as there are close on three hundred members of the order in the city, at least two hundred will sit down at the banquet. The names of the general committees in charge of the arrangements are as follows: Master Workman George Gawley, John Smith and R. T. Williams of No. 1 lodge; Master Workman Brown, W. Jackson and T. Deasy of No. 5 lodge; and Master Workman Gledhill, F. N. E. Shakespear and A. Clunk, of Western Star lodge.

—The highest standard of excellence is reached in the programme which the management of the Savoy offers for its patrons for the week commencing this evening. The feature will be La Mont's performing Australian parrots. There are twenty parrots in this troupe and their work is said to be very good. Great patience has been taken in bringing the birds up to the high state of perfection which they have reached. The "Chicks," the comedy team which has been held over for another week, will be seen in an entirely new sketch. This team made a very good impression on the audience last week. Following them will be another comedy sketch team, White and Franks. Their work is strictly first class, and they have made a decided hit wherever they have performed. The Haddon sisters are two high class vocalists who have won renown on the stage as two of the most capable singers on the vaudeville circuit to-day. All the performers will be on hand for the opening performance this evening, and a full show will be given.

—It is just as important to insure your bedclothes against unsanitary conditions as to carry health insurance. We guarantee the insides of all our bedding to be clean, soft and warm, and made in sanitary factories. The large line of new comforters just opened are of full size and weight, made from artistic designs in silkoline. Some having wide borders in plain contrasting colors of satin. Better buy one now while the choice is good. Its a sure cure for insomnia to struggle under one. Weiler Bros.

CANADIAN LINER
BEAT THE DOLPHINFINE PERFORMANCE
OF PRINCESS BEATRICE

Vessel Returned From Skagway Saturday—Clean Up of Freight at White Horse.

Members of the crew of the C. P. R. liner Princess Beatrice, which arrived from Skagway on Saturday night, were in jubilation over a race which the ship had on her south-bound trip. The Beatrice sailed from Skagway about ten minutes after the departure of the Dolphin, and seven miles this side of the Lynn canal port overhauled the latter, passing her at close range. Fire leaped from the smokestacks of the American liner from six to ten feet, but the frantic endeavors of her freighter and engine room to keep the lead were in vain. The Beatrice was the fastest boat, and such lost the Dolphin to view again. As one ship passed the other with the crowds of passengers on deck, there was much good natured rivalry and cheering. Southbound a concert was held on the Beatrice for the purpose of providing a ward in some hospital for the benefit of the employees of the C. P. R. coasting service. Many of the passengers took part in the entertainment, and the sum of \$75 was realized, which was turned over to Captain Hughes. Those who took part in the concert were Messrs. A. D. Taylor, William J. Robinson, Harry Harman, E. C. Bigg, Jack Blinnis, McEwen, George Challenger and the closing number of the first section of the programme was songs and coverings by the Cocks of the Sacred Feather, led by A. J. Kappel, grand high cock-a-lorum. The pianist of the evening was Miss Tottie Williams, of Vancouver, and Mrs. F. McR. Young rendered several songs. The concert took place on Thursday evening. The Beatrice brought south 125 passengers, many of them from Fairbanks and other points down the river. They were destined for points on the American side. Several more steamers were expected at White Horse from Dawson after the departure of the Beatrice from Skagway, and on these there will arrive a big contingent from the Yukon country.

On October 11th the White Pass & Yukon route, for the first time in the history of the company, cleaned up at White Horse all the freight lying there at the close of navigation for Dawson and down river points. On October 10th there were only a hundred and seventeen tons of freight lying at White Horse, and on the day following the steamer Selkirk sailed for Dawson with every ton on board. The steamer White Horse was scheduled to make the last trip down the river on October 9th, but on her way upstream from Dawson she blew out a cylinder in the engine, and was laid up. The Selkirk taking her place.

The Beatrice brought down a ton of fire clay from the Skeena river. A deposit of this clay was recently found by W. Marriott, of Victoria, some miles above Port Essington on the Skeena, and he made this shipment in order to have the material tested. The Beatrice had 700 cases of salmon from the Skeena River Commercial Company, Skeena River, consigned to Robert Ward & Co. The Beatrice ran from Skagway to Dawson and will be replaced in that service by the steamer Amur. During this week she will be overhauled preparing to go on the Victoria and Seattle run. She will be given a new smoking room on deck, which being built ashore was placed in position this morning just about the second mast.

RESCUED SAILOR.

A gallant rescue took place on the last voyage of R. M. S. Empress of Japan. On September 29th when steaming full speed between Nagasaki and Kobe the startling cry of "Man overboard" was heard, and the "engine room" telegraph rang sharply. "Full speed astern," at 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon. One of the able seamen named A. Gibson, while engaged in some duty just under the bridge, had mislaid his footing and fallen into the sea, which was running pretty heavily at the time. The engines were immediately reversed, three lifebuoys flung overboard, reaching the water almost as soon as the sailor, and a boat in charge of the fourth officer, J. M. Calmont, lowered. The sailor, in spite of his perilous situation, did not lose his head, but struck out at once away from the ship's side so as to clear the propellers. He was quickly picked up in the boat, and in seven minutes from the time of falling overboard was again in safety on the vessel's deck, none the worse for his involuntary ducking. At 4:47, or seventeen minutes after the first alarm, the telegraph rang "Full speed ahead," and the Empress of Japan proceeded on her voyage having given an object-lesson to the passengers on board of the high state of discipline and the splendid standard of seamanship that prevail on the white Empress liners.

LAUREL POINT LIGHT.

The new electric light on Laurel point has been installed by the B. C. Electric Railway Company at the instance of the department of marine and fisheries, and for the past few days has been doing good service in the way of better illuminating the harbor for navigation purposes. The light is 32 candle-power. It is fixed on a pole so that its rays are cast immediately over one of the most dangerous parts of the harbor.

MARINE NOTES.

Steamer Unadilla arrived from the Golden Gate on Sunday morning after a fairly passage from San Francisco. The City of Puebla, of the same line, sailed for San Francisco on Sunday evening. She carried among her saloon passengers from this city Miss Helen Bernard, Mrs. M. McElhinny, Miss F. Nightingale, Mrs. M. Cameron, S. Hocking, B. Middlewood, and M. Lynch. The four-masted barque Garnet Hill arrived in the Royal Roads from Salinas Cruz on Sunday. The ship is in ballast and seeking.

Cowan's Perfection Cocoa
Cowan's Cake Icings

Are absolutely pure. Chocolate, pink, white, lemon, orange, almond and maple.

The Cowan Co., Limited,
TORONTO.

Your Poultry

To be healthy require a certain amount of grit, which is not always easily obtained.

The Bond Grit Crusher grinds up stones, old dishes, shells, glass—and you should see the chickens relish it.

This machine is so simple that a child can operate it. Costs only \$5.00. Manufactured and sold by

THOS. PLIMLEY
CENTRAL CYCLE DEPOT
Opposite Post Office - VICTORIA, B.C.

WESTMINSTER'S REQUIREMENTS

Memorandum Submitted By Board of Trade to Commission.

The board of trade of the city of New Westminster has submitted the following memorandum to the transportation commission:

To Robert Reford, Esq., and J. H. Ashdown, Esq., Members of the Royal Commission on Transportation:

The Board of Trade of the city of New Westminster, B. C., desires to make the following presentation:

(a) The volume of export freight seeking an outlet via southern British Columbia ports assuming large proportions, and will doubtless greatly increase in the near future. It may reasonably be expected that before many years a considerable portion of the Northwest grain crop will flow this way for a seaport. Strong representations have been made to your honorable body as to the desirability of the government expending large sums to provide increased wharfage facilities at the neighboring port of Vancouver, to accommodate this increased traffic, and while we do not wish to interfere in any way with other legitimate interests we desire to take this opportunity to bring to your notice the fact that there is at New Westminster a deep water harbor now open to ocean shipping and which could be made available to the largest vessels that pass, at a little cost to the government. The Fraser river at Vancouver harbor, the Fraser river at this city has now the depth and space to float a navy. There is a long stretch of water front open for wharves and warehouses, and storage conveniences, at which the largest vessels can berth comfortably. On the authority of the department of public works there is now a clear channel from the Sand Heads to and above the city, with a minimum depth of 27 feet at high water, and the dredge King Edward, located at New Westminster, could deepen this to 30 feet at small expense and at very short notice.

The railway facilities at this port are unsurpassed. Both the Great Northern and the C. P. R. now run into this city, the projected Hill road to the Kootenay being a tributary to the city. We would submit that in any scheme for increasing the export facilities of this part of the British Columbia coast the harbor of New Westminster should not and cannot justly be overlooked as being available for immediate use. There is no doubt that if it were possible to pressure might be brought to bear by the government upon shippers and transportation companies, to impel them to make use of this port for the handling of their traffic, and thus relieve the government of large expenditures for the improvement of other ports.

(b) For the development of the entire southern portion of the province of British Columbia this board would point to the urgent need of the most direct possible railway connection between the Coast and the Kootenay district, preferably through British territory entirely. The existing route via C. P. R. between these sections is so circuitous as to largely prohibit business transactions between them, which with more direct connection would be certainly highly profitable, as a large market would be afforded to the farmers of the Fraser valley for their produce, and the towns and cities of the Kootenay district would have the advantage of obtaining supplies such as could be furnished from the Coast at a minimum cost for carriage. Such a line of communication would further tend greatly to the advantage of the province and country at large, by counteracting the present tendency of Kootenay trade to go to the city of Spokane and other points in United States territory. Anything that can be done by your honorable body in the way of assisting or forwarding the establishment of this line will materially aid the general development of this portion of the Dominion.

(c) In order that shipping interests generally may be made aware of the present favorable condition of the harbor of New Westminster, and the improved condition of the channel from the mouth of the river to this city, this board would ask your honorable body to make the necessary representation regarding the condition of the channel and harbor be furnished by the department of public works to the various shipping centres of the world, such as Lloyd's and others, and also to the proper authorities in order that Admiralty charts may be corrected to date.

Signed on behalf of the board,
(Sgd.) W. J. MATHERS, President.

(Sgd.) A. E. WHITE, Secretary.

New Westminster, B. C., Oct. 11th, 1905.

Borden is instructor. The society invites anyone interested in this science, and this being review work it is just the right time to join.

PHEASANT SHOOTING.

The season on the Mainland Opened To-Day.

The Mainland pheasant shooting season opened to-day. According to Vancouver papers, the sportsmen of the Terminal and Royal Cities have prepared for the occasion, and large numbers will go out in search of game. In this connection Saturday's Province says: "It is known that about a score or two of would-be shooters have already started for Lulu Island, the Delta and for Lulu Meadows to shoot, or shoot at, the long-tailed birds to-morrow, and even before to-morrow if a good chance arises. They think, however, that even without a chance to-day, everything goes to-morrow. Some body is apt to get in trouble over this self-interpretation of the act, and if the man who insists that the season opens upon Sunday is just as stubborn in insisting upon shooting pheasants, the pheasants that he kills may come high. The Province published a warning yesterday that the season did not open until Monday, and it does not. The penalty for shooting pheasants out of season is a severe one, and will be strictly imposed. The game warden knows the country thoroughly, and has special posts in every district where a pheasant is likely to be, so that the chance of the man who anticipates the season for helping out the country's revenue is a mighty good one."

—Rev. Dr. Campbell yesterday morning at the First Presbyterian church asked his congregation to contribute by special envelope next Sunday for home mission \$100. He says that his congregation seldom disappoints him, and that he is confident of their liberality this time up to that amount.

—Jack Medford, for many seasons scenic artist at the Grand Opera house, Seattle, but at present on the staff of Manager Watson, of the new Watson's theatre, formerly the old Redmond, has been working night and day for the past three weeks in order to have the stage ready for the big opening which takes place next Monday night, October 23rd. Every bit of scenery is new, even the curtain, and a pleasant surprise will greet the eyes of the patrons of Victoria's new place of amusement. The Watson stock company will open its season here with a most elaborate production of "Rapho." Family prices will rule during the Watson season, and the management looks forward to a most prosperous season. Manager Watson will arrive in Victoria to-morrow with the members of his company. The Watson stock company numbers fourteen people, and is headed by Miss MacKeane and Richard Scott. Business Manager MacKeane arrived in the city yesterday, and is busy arranging the many little details relative to opening the new home for the company here.

SELECTION

THE QUESTION, "WHICH MAKE SHALL IT BE?" IS ONE OF THE PIANO BUYER'S GREATEST DIFFICULTIES. THIS IS IN A GREAT MEASURE SOLVED BY YOUR BEING ABLE TO INSPECT, COMPARE AND TEST THE LEADING MAKES, SIDE BY SIDE, UNDER ONE ROOF. YOU GET THIS FACILITY AT

WAITT'S MUSIC PARLORS
44 GOVERNMENT STREET
VICTORIA
D. A. 278.

The next meeting of the Phenological Society will be held in Y. M. C. A. hall this evening at 8 o'clock. J. W.

BIRTH STONES



JANUARY—Garnet.
FEBRUARY—Amethyst.
MARCH—Bloodstone.
APRIL—Diamond.
MAY—Emerald.
JUNE—Pearl or Agate.
JULY—Ruby.
AUGUST—Sardonyx.
SEPTEMBER—Sapphire.
OCTOBER—Opal.
NOVEMBER—Topaz.
DECEMBER—Turquoise.

IN OUR SHOWROOMS YOU WILL ALWAYS FIND A VERY LARGE STOCK OF PRECIOUS STONES SET IN THE LATEST AND BEST STYLES IN RINGS, BROOCHES, NECKLACES, ETC. MOST SUITABLE FOR BIRTHDAY AND OTHER GIFTS.

Challoner & Mitchell

Goldsmiths & Jewellers

47-49 Government St., Victoria
D. A. 269.

"Two Good Things"

FRESH

Eastern Eggs

30c PER DOZEN

Fresh Bread

5 CENTS PER LOAF

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.

CASH GROCERS

"GOOD THINGS TO EAT"



Tetley's Choice TEAS

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS.

The Hudson's Bay Co., Distributing Agents



HINTON ELECTRIC COMPANY

29 GOVERNMENT ST.
VICTORIA
D. A. 260.



LADIES' COMBINGS made up into SWITCHES and all kinds of HAIR WORK done to order at Mrs. Kosche's Hairdressing Parlors 55 Douglas Street

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS

GENUINE HALF PRICE SALE

Every article in the store will be sold positively at HALF THE REGULAR MARKED PRICE until the entire stock is cleared off.

Stevens & Jenkins
24 DOUGLAS ST.

Building Lots

FOR SALE HOUSE BUILT ON THE INSTALLMENT PLAN.

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CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER,
LEIGHTON ROAD.

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This While It Lasts at
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Mowat's Grocery, Cor. Yates and
Douglas Streets.

**THE INITIAL GAME
RESULTED IN DRAW**

**LEAGUE CONTEST ON
SATURDAY AFTERNOON**

Between Victoria United and Garrison
Association Football Teams at
Work Point Grounds.

A draw is perhaps not altogether satis-
factory to either the competing teams or
the spectators, but it was the natural out-
come of the first league match between
the Victoria and Garrison Association foot-
ball teams on Saturday afternoon at Work
Point. On the whole play was so even
that neither eleven was properly entitled to
victory. The match was one of the best
ever seen in Victoria at the opening of the
season, indeed, the form and combination
displayed was surprising, especially when it
is remembered that the civilians have
not had much opportunity to practice, al-
though they have spent many evenings
training. One goal to one was the proper
result. The next time the teams meet
their relative strength will be subjected
to a more severe test, as the captains have
decided that their players shall be in the
very best shape.

"What was the matter, Goward?"
queried a Times reporter immediately
after the contest. Such a question is gen-
erally irritating to the captain of an un-
successful team, and, as a rule, elicits a
somewhat curt reply. But the Victoria
team's manager wasn't in such a frame of
mind on this occasion. "Well, we weren't
beaten," he retorted, "and, what's more,
we held them down hard with the possible
exception of short sprints at the beginning
and close of the game."

"But what is your opinion of the Victoria
team now?" he asked. Thereupon the
reporter ventured a mild criticism of the
eleven, and the captain, who had been
somewhat curt, replied, "But the Victoria
team's manager wasn't in such a frame of
mind on this occasion. "Well, we weren't
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we held them down hard with the possible
exception of short sprints at the beginning
and close of the game."

"How about the forward?" was a ques-
tion. "Victoria's captain," said the man
in charge, "was a very good forward. He
was the backbone of the defence, consisting
of Messrs. Thompson, Gowan and Hart,
all of whom acquitted themselves most
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they are as active and as capable as last
year. The loss of Foley and several others
does not seem to have materially affected
the team. It still works well together and
shows perhaps even more aggressiveness
than in past seasons. Taking the eleven
individually, special praise is due Worrell,
the goalkeeper, who made a number of
phenomenal saves. Matthews and Haz-
wood on the forward line are still as live-
ly as ever, and require constant watching
by the opposing defence.

As already stated, Referee Richardson
gave general satisfaction.

VICTORIA WEST WON

The opening game of the junior league
series was played on Saturday at Oak Bay
between Victoria West and North Ward.
Victoria West won the score of one to
nothing. The score was made in the first
half by a free kick by Sprague. The Vic-
toria West boys feel quite elated over
their victory, as they were one man short
during the first half. The game was close
throughout and the playing showed that
both teams have some good material in
their line-up.

BASEBALL

NEW YORK'S VICTORY

New York, Oct. 14.—Amid the frenzied
prowls of more than 24,000 baseball en-
thusiasts, the New York National League
champions won the world's professional
baseball championship on the Polo grounds
today by defeating the Philadelphia Amer-
ican team in the fifth game in the post-
season series by the score of 2 to 0. Of
the four previous games, New York had
won three and Philadelphia one.

With Matthewson pitching, New York
took the opening game in Philadelphia,
but lost the second on the Polo grounds.
With Bender pitched against McGinity,
Matthewson relieved this defeat in the
opening game at Philadelphia, making the
record for New York two to its opponent's
one, and in the next game on the home
grounds, New York with McGinity in the
box, added another victory. Matthew-
son and Bender confronted each other to-
day in what proved to be the final con-
test.

In the opening innings the New York
pitcher was apparently not at his best,
while his opponent's arm showed a
splendid exhibition of the pitcher's art.
Matthewson, however, soon rallied, and
although he contributed the only two run-
ning errors in the game, he held the visit-
ing side safe. The victory, however, was
due so much to his effectiveness as to the
clean, sharp fielding of the New York men.
The visitors weakened in the third and
after his brilliant opening, Bender lost con-
trol. The pitcher of the receipts will net
the winning players \$1,122 each, and the
losers \$420.

Score:
Philadelphia . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
New York . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Batteries—Bender and Powers; Matthew-
son and Bresnahan.
Umpires—O'Day and Sheridan.
Attendance, 27,493.

THE KING

REFERENCE INTERVIEWED

Edward Graney, who referred the recent
Britt-Nelson fight in California, is on the
South. He expects to visit Victoria to-
morrow. In an interview given the
Seattle Times he said in part:
"I called the bets off in the Nelson-
Britt fight for these reasons: In the first
place, Britt and Nelson told the public
that they had made a side bet of \$100,000.
That, of course, influenced the public bet-
ting. Britt and Nelson both died. Then,
many men bet their money, thinking
Jeffries was to referee. The referee was
changed at the last moment. I think I am
right. I don't think there is any question
about it."

Regarding Al. Kaufman, he said, in an-
swer to a question: "I may say that I
think the next heavyweight champion will
be either Al. Kaufman or Sam Berger.
They are both Olympic club boys, a club
that has turned out many champions, and
with a bit more experience they can lick
any man in the ring bar none."
That one, of course, is James J. Jef-
fries. He will still be champion when his
whiskers are as long as Rip Van Winkle's,
and he is as old as Russell Sage. No, I
don't think Jeffries is past his prime. I
think he will jump into the ring just as
soon as some one comes along who has a
chance with him."

HOCKEY

LADIES' PRACTICE

A practice of the ladies' hockey team
was held on Saturday afternoon. Teams
were chosen and a first-class contest in-
spected. The ladies are preparing for
the opening league match and hope to cap-
ture the championship. They are fitting
up rooms at Oak Bay, and, from present
indications, will soon have very comfort-
able, home-like apartments at the grounds.

THE VICTORIA TEAM

The Victoria Hockey Club held a prac-
tice on Saturday. There was a large at-
tendance, among those present being K.
Schulfield, who has just returned after
spending the summer in the North. The
local team is gradually assuming shape and
will soon be ready to line-up against Van-
couver, Nanaimo, the R. A. or R. E. in a
league match. Officials of the Victoria
team are determined that it shall be suf-
ficiently strong to hold the championship
capture last year.

GOLF

WOMEN'S CHAMPIONSHIP

New York, Oct. 14.—Miss Pauline Mac-
key, of the Oakley County club, of Water-
town, Mass., won the women's national
golf championship today, defeating Miss
Morgan, captain of the Essex County
club, Manchester, Mass., by 1 up in 18
holes.

RUGBY FOOTBALL

MEETING TO-MORROW

To-morrow evening a meeting of the Vic-
toria Rugby Football Club will be held,
commencing at 8 o'clock, at the Victoria
hotel. All members interested are invited
to attend.

VICTORIA DAILY TIMES MONDAY OCTOBER 16 1905

THE POWER OF THE KING
A Personal View—Revolution in
Thought.

A momentous thing is happening before
our eyes. Parliament is withdrawing
more and more into the shadow of out-
worn usages; the King's most excellent
majesty is more and more advancing into
the light of rising sun. We are beholding
a revolution.

You cannot now commonly talk with
men about the times and not hear con-
tempt expressed for parliament. It is
not contempt for Mr. Balfour's minis-
try or contempt for Sir Henry Campbell-
Bannerman's; however, it is contempt
for the whole system of parliamentary
government. Men are sick of parliament.
The House of Commons is out of fashion.
We have grown away from it. Session
after session passes, and the great prob-
lems remain unsolved. The reason is
plain. Efficient men have neither the
time nor the inclination to cultivate plat-
form oratory—the only test of states-
manship. Efficient men are seldom talk-
ers. The average member of parlia-
ment is an ignorant of modern scientific
thought as he is unpractised in the diffi-
cult field of organization and administra-
tion. For the most part he is a well-
to-do professional man, or a picturesque
longer in high places, anxious to please
the electors by playing at politics. The
biggest men in the nation are not to be
found in parliament. Parliament is
too small for them.

A Royal Foreign Minister

But this general contempt for parlia-
ment would hardly deserve a comment
did it not synchronize so eloquently
with a new and an altogether vigorous
faith in the wisdom of the British crown.
An expression of impatience regarding
party politics is now almost invariably
followed by a protestation of admiration
for the King. "Where should we be now
if the King had not turned foreign min-
ister?" is a question asked at party
tables. The King-to-day is recognized
by his people as something more than a
glorious decoration of the state; he is
openly acclaimed a strong, a tactful, a
statesman and a far-seeing ruler.
The power of the King is now enor-
mous. Nobody can doubt that it is the
will of parliament clashed with the will
of the King, the entire sympathy and
approval of the nation would be upon the
side of the Sovereign. Rightfully, and
within the bounds of the constitution,
the King exercises such power as is not
dreamed of by foreign critics of our sys-
tem. It would surprise many people
said Bagehot in the last reign, to know
how many things the Queen could do
without consulting parliament. What
the nation hopes for from the King in
these stormy days is an increasing use
of this his most rightful prerogative.

Unlimited Power

Let us begin by looking at the power
of the King as it appears to the most
rigid of constitutionalists. According to
the late Mr. Gladstone:
The Sovereign in England is the
symbol of the nation's unity, and the
apex of the social structure. He is the
source of the laws; the supreme
governor of the church; the fountain of
justice; the sole source of honor; the
power to whom all military, all naval,
all civil service is rendered. The Sov-
ereign's power is very large. He receives
and holds in law the entire revenue of
the state; appoints and dismisses minis-
ters; makes treaties; pardons crime, or
commutes penalty; summons and dissolves
parliament; exercises these vast powers
for the most part without any specific
restraint of law; and yet enjoys in re-
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Crown to the Rescue

Now if such is the power of the King,
and if constitutionally he can disband the
army, surely he can constitutionally de-
lay the army from its present danger-
ous condition of chaos. Who would say
the King may if he should call Mr. Arnold-
Forster one morning that his services
would no longer be required, and at the
same moment introduced, let us say,
Lord Kitchener as autocrat of the war
office? The whole country would ap-
prove of such exercise of the royal prerogative, and the purists in parliament
would find it difficult to procure enough
red-tape from constitutional pigeon-holes
for the tying of the King's hands.

The Governance of England," a
book which has attracted considerable
notice, Mr. Sidney Low remarks signifi-
cantly: "Foreign affairs are likely to be
more, rather than less, important
in the future, and the change will not
diminish the influence of the crown." No-
body desires an unconstitutional use of
power on the part of the Sovereign in
these realms, and nobody seeks to ex-
change the benevolent guidance of the
British throne for the arbitrary exercise
of a Czar of Russia's will. But almost
everybody would welcome an extension
of the use of the influence of the crown.
That is the point. The influence of the
crown. We desire most earnestly that
the King should make an ever-increasing
use of his enormous influence for the
safety, honor and welfare of the British
Empire. The King, said Mr. Gladstone,
has exchanged power for influence. In-
fluence, rightly understood, we would
add, is the supreme form of power.

Ministerial Puppets

We are beginning to comprehend the
wisdom of Peel's remark that "A king
after a reign of ten years ought to know
much more of the working of the ma-
chine of government than any other man
in the country." There is no cabinet
minister who knows the movement of
foreign nations half so intimately as
Edward VII. There is not a cabinet
minister who knows the desires of the
British people half so intelligently as the
King of England. Bound to the wheel
of party government, the puppet of the
rules of the House of Commons, the
obedient servant of the vested interests
which support his party's funds, the aver-
age minister is powerless to detach him-
self sufficiently to realize as human facts
the greater aspects of national and in-
ternational politics.
But free from all this, mingling with

monarchs and diplomatists, acquainted
with his chief bankers and merchants,
the friend of his pro-consuls, the natural
guardian of his working classes, the
King of England enjoys a clear and lucid
view of the world's affairs, and knows,
surely, when and how to take occasion
by the hand and make the bounds of
freedom wider yet. He is beyond all
question the wisest foreign minister and
the most intelligent home secretary in
the Empire. The working classes trust
him, foreign statesmen respect him, and
the people of Great Britain, wearied un-
to death by parliamentary incapacity,
look to him as the captain of their des-
tiny.

Jacks in Office

The democratic movement is on the
wane, and it is waning in a thoroughly
English fashion—quietly, imperceptibly
and without crisis. Men have grown
tired of it. The poetic promise of its
dawn led us to expect so much, and it
has brought us so very little; we are dis-
appointed with it—and that is all.
But its death, which would have been
sad and tedious and protracted as the cur-
tain of Charles II., is likely to be hurried by
a new feeling which has suddenly been
born in the English people. The word
"efficiency" is the summary of this fresh
feeling. Men are beginning to realize
the scientific spirit. They are awaking
to the iron reality of nature's fundamen-
tal law that only the fit can survive. The
expert carpenter is better than the
school boy with a tool box; the profes-
sional soldier is better than the amate-
ur. We are beginning to find out the
amateur statesman.

Science, which is only now in its youth,
is responsible for this new spirit in the
English people. We cannot tell what
will be the result, but we can perceive
already that its course is away from the
chance and rashness of the happy-go-
lucky, and towards the certainty and
strength of expert knowledge. We shall
have less and less to luck, and trust
more and more to trained endeavor.

Luck as Guiding Principle

Hitherto the fabric of the British Em-
pire has been the sport of the fickle
Examiner of the system of government un-
der which the British people live, and yet
discover that luck is its guiding prin-
ciple. We trust to the luck of the ballot
box to produce a statesman, to the
chances of a competitive examination to
produce a great soldier, and to the ro-
tation of the civil service to produce the
chief clerks of our Empire. The brilliant
man of business who is outside of parlia-
ment plays no part in the affairs of state;
the born soldier who has failed to satisfy
the demands of the knowledge of mathe-
matics and Latin is lost to the army;
the genius of administration who has not
entered the civil service in youth takes
no part in the organization of the realm.
The civil service has been so praised
of late that criticism of its capacity will
surprise and irritate the complacent pub-
lic. He is spoken of as the true patriot,
and cabinet ministers are never weary
of sounding in the public ear the ringing
praises of this wonderful being. We for-
get his comfortable hours, his happy
salary, and his most enviable position;
we regard him through the eyes of the
cabinet ministers—as the devoted servant of
the state who has given up everything
to oblige his countrymen. The Bagehots,
having passed a competitive examination,
were a class in these halcyon days.

The Civil Service

But when we come to investigate the
state of the country we find but small
evidence of the genius of the civil ser-
vice. Life is as hard and difficult now
for the majority of men as it was before
the days of competitive examinations.
Employment is scarce; trade is either
stagnant or retrogressive; crime con-
tinues; pauperism develops; and in be-
yond the means of the poor; and every-
where taxation increases in a manner
absolutely alarming to sane men. I do
not think that the civil service has con-
tributed anything to the advance of our
race, physically, morally, or mentally.
If the civil servant performed the
clerk's duty in the state we should have
nothing to urge against him. But in
truth he is our ruler and governor, the
grant of politicians, and the master of
cabinet ministers. He is the who sways
the rod of Empire and exercises the pre-
rogative of royalty. Unknown by name,
he presides over the destinies of the coun-
try, and through the mouth of ministers
bends parliament to his will.

Climbing By Age

The very capacity which enabled him
to pass his examination, was against his
ability to create. He is a born clerk.
But as the older birds drop off the
perches above his head this young clerk
finds himself climbing, climbing, climbing
without effort, automatically, and
with an increase of slowness at each ad-
vance—till of a sudden he finds a cabinet
minister at his feet asking for infor-
mation. He has become a governor, a ruler
of state—and his only knowledge con-
cerns the habits of red-tape. He has
given no evidence of administrative
genius, has done the state no signal ser-
vice, and has never proved himself any-
thing more than a reliable index to blue
books.

The other day I heard Mr. Lloyd-
George protest in the House of Commons
his assured conviction that rates must
go up; he professed himself as sorry for
this fact as any Conservative, but he de-
clared himself convinced that nothing in
the world could prevent slugs at each ad-
vance—till of a sudden he finds a cabinet
minister at his feet asking for infor-
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including orchard, 107 acres of land,
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said or thought
"How could a man
buy such a suit?"**

You've seen men in
the street wearing
clothes you couldn't
be hired to wear--
and you wondered.

Mr. Merchant Tailor did it.
You see, they bought their
suits from a roll of cloth, and
were probably as much sur-
prised as you when the suit
was delivered.

A very handsome cloth in
the piece often looks very
ugly when made up.

When you buy Semi-ready
tailored garments you first
see the suit on you—can
judge of its fitness to your
individuality. You don't buy
a pig in a poke, nor take
any chances of looking
ridiculous. 516

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as it were, of the vital forces that sustain the system.
No matter what may be its causes (for they are al-
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the more prominent being sleeplessness, sense of
exhaustion or weariness, depression of spirits and
want of energy for all the ordinary affairs of life.
Now, what alone is absolutely essential in all such
cases is increased vitality—vigour.

VITAL STRENGTH & ENERGY
To throw these morbid feelings, and experience
prove that as night succeeds the day this may be
more certainly secured by a course of the cele-
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than by any other known combination. So surely
it is taken in accordance with the printed
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health be restored.

THE EXPIRING LAMP OF LIFE
LIGHTED UP AFRESH,
and a new existence imparted in a few of what
is lately termed "seed up," and "up," and
valuable. This wonderful restorative is purely
vegetable and innocuous, is agreeable to the taste,
suitable for all constitutions and conditions, in
either sex; and it is difficult to imagine a case
of disease or debility, whose main features are
those of debility, that will not be speedily and
permanently benefited by this seed-reviving re-
generative essence, which is destined to cast into
oblivion everything that had preceded it for this
wide-spread and numerous class of human ailments.

THERAPION is sold by
Chemists throughout the world. Price in England,
2s. 6d. and 4s. 6d. Purchasers should see that the word
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Stamp (in white letters on a red ground), affixed
to every package by order of His Majesty's Home
Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

Wholesale from Henderson Bros., Ltd.,
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Send for it. This medicine does not contain a bit of
poison, and is a first-class yellow wrapper. Bird Tonic
is a first-class yellow wrapper. Bird Tonic is a first-class
yellow wrapper. Bird Tonic is a first-class yellow wrapper.

BIRD BREAD

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poison, and is a first-class yellow wrapper. Bird Bread
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yellow wrapper. Bird Bread is a first-class yellow wrapper.

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"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

In the Matter of an Application for a Duplicate
Certificate of Title to Lot 128,
Block X, Hillside Extension of the
Work Estate (Map 152), Victoria City.
Notice is hereby given that it is my in-
tention, at the expiration of one month from
the first publication hereof, to issue a duplicate
of the Certificate of Title to the above
land and issued to Ole Christian Mathisen on
the 21st day of April, 1902, and numbered
12841A.
S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar-General.
Land Registry Office,
Victoria, B. C., 16th September, 1905.

**THE
Evening Times**

NEWS FEATURES

**The Adventures of
Sherlock Holmes**

Some of the best detective stories ever written; each
is complete in itself. Owing to their great popularity
the Times has arranged for the exclusive right of pub-
lication. Thousands of people regard Holmes as a per-
sonal friend and would not miss a single one of his ad-
ventures. These will appear every Saturday.

**The Career of a Scotch Boy
Who Became Hon. John Tod**

This M.S. from the pen of Gilbert Malcolm Sproat
has been obtained by the Times. It is a most interesting
sketch of the career of Tod from the time he ran away
from his Scotch home until he rose to the highest post in
the gift of the Hudson's Bay Company. Tod was the
contemporary of Douglas and McLoughlin, and was one of
the most remarkable figures in the history of the area.
The sketch recalls many unrecorded incidents in
the life of Tod, and was written from copious notes taken
after long conversation with him. This will appear every
Saturday beginning September 30th. It is written in Mr.
Sproat's most entertaining style.

WOMEN'S PAGE

This will appear at regular intervals. It will be found
to be a most entertaining symposium of beauty hints,
recipes, hygienic suggestions, etc.

Children's Page of Comics

The funny pictures are a source of perennial delight to the
children, the first page to which they turn, and the cause of
much innocent amusement to every member of the household.

**The Den--A Causerie by
an Unattached Philosopher**

This delightful pot pourri of comment and verse has
been a leading literary feature of the Times for some
months, and has been so warmly appreciated that it will
be continued.

For Sunday Reading

W. T. Ellis's comment on the Sunday School lesson,
Young People's Society topic, and Seven Sentence ser-
mons. It is a great assistance to Sunday School workers, and
for teachers of advanced and intermediate classes forms the
most valuable lesson help obtainable. Mr. Ellis has a con-
tinental reputation as the most brilliant writer on such topics
on the continent.

**Special Page of Cables
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This is an illustrated page of news dealing with mat-
ters which are not dealt with in the A. P. dispatches.

Our London Letter

A regular contribution from a lady correspondent in
the world's metropolis, with a chatty talk on politics,
fashions, the play, etc.

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of the capital by wire and post.

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FOR LOVE OF A LADY.

BY ALICE MAUD MEADOWS.

Author of "One Life Between," "When the Heart is Young," "The Eye of Fate," "Days of Doubt," "The Threads of Life," Etc.

SYNOPSIS OF PRECEDING CHAPTERS.

The tale opens with the meeting in Hyde Park of Jasper and his wife Caroline, whom he had deserted. Jasper promises to meet the woman again, and bring what money he can spare. The scene then changes to the bachelor chambers of Philip Gilchrist, Jasper's cousin, and the reader learns that Philip had once been in love with a girl named Caroline, but that she had deceived him, and that he is now passionately attached to Leslie Bell, a charming young orphan, who has just, by a decision of the court, become mistress of a great fortune. The deferred meeting between Jasper and his wife takes place, and the woman is not so easily bought off as Jasper imagined. To avoid a quarrel in the street he takes her to a house in which both Philip and himself have chambers. Finding that he had accidentally taken Philip's key, he brings his wife to the cousin's rooms instead of his own. About this time a money-lender's assistant, coming to see Jasper to press for payment of a loan, enters Jasper's rooms, and finds them empty. While there he hears footsteps in the passage, and his sweetheart, Rachel, who had accompanied him, and whom he had left in a cab outside, sees a man leave the house with a face "white as chalk." At a ball which is held the same evening at the house of Mrs. Strangeways, with whom Leslie Bell lives, both Philip and Jasper propose to the heiress, and the former is accepted. Philip reaches his chambers at four in the morning, and goes straight to his bedroom. Awakening an hour later with a start, and being unable to sleep, he enters the sitting room to get a book, and there sees the dead body of Caroline. Later on the police, who are summoned, learning that Philip knew the woman, and finding a portrait of her in a room, suspect Philip of the deed. Leslie, however, to whom Philip has confessed his early love episode, has unshaken faith in her lover, and refuses his offer to release her from her engagement.

CHAPTER XVII.

Mrs. Strangeways entered the room before Philip could say a word. Leslie glanced up at the clock. "It's later than I thought," she said. Mrs. Strangeways looked at Philip. "There was no kindness in her glance. In her opinion he was spoiling the good time the heiress ought to have been having. It was a sin and a shame that she should be troubled about murders when she had just come into fortune."

Leslie had a "very trying, worrying day," she said. "I would like her to get a good night's rest."

"I should wish it also," Philip said, a little smile trembling around his lips at Mrs. Strangeways' tone. "I am quite ready to go at once. Shall I go, Leslie?"

She glanced at the clock again. She was rather pale, the expression of her face was a little strained. She said: "It's not really late, she said: 'But do you think you will be safe going home to-night?'"

"I think so, yes. You mean safe from arrest?"

"You don't think the police arrest as late as this?"

"He could not help smiling. 'Oh, I think they arrest at all times, and in all places, but I have an idea—Mrs. Strangeways will say it's a ridiculous idea, of course—that I shall not be arrested at all; that something will happen to prevent it, and yet I've not the slightest idea what. Good-night, my sweet.'"

"I'll come to the door with you."

He shook hands with Mrs. Strangeways, who half-smiled, half-frowned at him. She liked him personally, she knew it was ridiculous to be angry with him for what was not his fault, and yet she was angry.

Then the two went from the room together. There was no one in the hall. Philip glanced up the deserted staircase, then put his arm round Leslie.

"I'm half afraid to go," he said. "When shall I see you again, dearest? Suppose it's from the prisoner's cell?"

"But it won't be," she answered. "I like you, feel you will not be arrested; the police will find a clue."

"They think they have. You forget the photograph."

She turned her head and looked at him. "No dearest, I don't," he answered. "I forget nothing. I think I have all the threads of the case at my fingers' ends. Well, good-bye, dear one; and whatever happens, remember I love you and trust you wholly and entirely."

A moment after Philip opened the door, and for an instant he and Leslie stood looking out into the night together. It was very dark. A few stars shone here and there where the low-lying clouds had lifted a little; there was no moon. A Spirit breeze played among the dark branches of the trees that lined the short drive. Living, as Mrs. Strangeways did, in the heart of the West End, Philip was proud of the approach to the house.

Leslie shivered a little as she stood peering into the night, her arm linked in her lover's. He was looking anxious too, and a little puzzled.

"What's that light shining through the trees?" he said, "just in the centre of the drive?" Has Mrs. Strangeways had one out there?"

"She drew a little closer to him. Had it been light enough to notice, he would have known she was afraid."

"No," she answered. "Philip?" "Don't be afraid," he said. "It's nothing quite so distant light, perhaps. Sometimes atmospheric conditions play queer pranks. Don't come out, dearest, it's a nasty, cold night. Good-bye, my sweet, heart."

"Good-bye, Philip. Take care of yourself."

He walked slowly down the drive, keeping his eyes on the light. When he turned the curve he saw a carriage and

knew what was going to happen. He hesitated a moment, then went on. In another moment he would be arrested for murder! His heart beat more quickly, but he was not afraid.

A man came to meet him. "In the King's name," he began; and had Philip's mind been quite clear he would have noticed that he was a little nervous.

Philip cut him short. "I am quite willing to come," he said. "I expected you."

The man chuckled, turning at Philip's side. "And you?" he answered. "Well, I'm glad you're not going to give us any trouble. It's far better for you, and for us, too. A man never knows the heart."

Philip laughed a little bitterly. "I suppose it would be much the same if I did not?" he answered. "Oh, yes, I'll excuse you."

He looked a little hard at the man in the darkness of the carriage lamp. The Hyde Park lawyer had had a shave and looked different, but, for all that, there was something about him which was familiar to Philip.

"I seem to know your voice," he said. The man laughed. "Well, I'm glad you're not going to give us any trouble. It's far better for you, and for us, too. A man never knows the heart."

"Well, that's not unlikely," the man returned. "I've had the same voice for forty-five years, and I've lived in London all the time. It's likely enough you've heard it. Get on, master."

He opened the door of the carriage. Philip looked at him keenly again, then at the three other men who stood round. It seemed to him that a detective he spoke in a queer, rough, uneducated way. It might be put on, of course, but it seemed strange, and he was absolutely sure he had heard the man's voice before.

As Philip hesitated, the men came nearer, and with a little shrug of his shoulders he took his seat. Two of the men followed him and the carriage started. Philip wondered if Leslie heard the sound of the wheels and saw the light moving.

"If she does, she'll guess," he said to himself. "I wonder did she guess?" She looked very pale.

"Where are you going?" he asked the man who sat beside him. "The man looked out of the window. 'I'm not called upon to answer questions,'" he answered, "but you'll be treated all right if you come quietly."

"At any rate I can demand to see your warrant. I confess there is something a little strange to me about this arrest; you don't look like other officers."

The two men laughed. "That's our cleverness," the second man, who had not spoken yet, said. "That's what makes us such an ornament to our profession. Bless you, if we looked like what we are we should do no good at all, not a halfpenny worth; as it is, we don't complain."

Philip looked from one man to the other. He was growing accustomed to the light now; and he told himself they were two of the strongest members of the detective force he had ever seen. Still, of course, they were disguised.

The carriage hurried along, turned down many sinister streets. Then he was sure that they were driving in the direction of Regent's Park. Where was he being taken to? What station? It was a mystery. He half turned to question the man beside him again, but changed his mind. Both men sat looking fixedly from the windows. Clearly they meant to give him no information, and after all, since there was no doubt about his arrest, everything else seemed unimportant.

The carriage went onward, and he knew they had reached St. John's Wood. It turned in at some gates and drove quickly up a drive. Philip felt more bewildered than ever.

"What does it mean?" he said to himself. "I am arrested by a detective, a comfortable carriage, drawn by a pair of horses, and instead of drawing up at a police station, I am, apparently, being taken to a suburban house. It's a sort of Arabian Nights' adventure, and I can't make head or tail of it."

The carriage drew up abruptly. Philip looked out into, as it were, a blank wall of darkness. They were close to a house, certainly, but no light was visible, and he could not distinguish the building. One man he turned to the man who had arrested him.

"You must explain," he said. "Must?" the man repeated. "Must is a word for them as are in authority to use. We're four to one. Don't you make any mistake—no harm is to come to you. You're to be treated kind and gentle. It will be your own fault if you suffer any hurt. You're to get out here."

"This is not a police station."

"Did I say it was? I don't call it to mind; would you rather it had been? Come, sir, on my honor, I wish I was in your shoes. Bill, knock at the door. If you don't make a fuss, if you go into the house—I won't deceive you, it ain't a police station, a beautiful suburban residence—calm and peaceful; a gentleman's house, you won't regret it; if, on the main, you attempt to resist—well, we, my friends and me, don't wear kid gloves!"

Philip looked hard at the man again. The carriage lights threw a shadow across the lower part of his face, robbing it of its clean-shaven appearance. In a flash Philip remembered where he had seen the man before.

"I remember you," he said, and his heart gave a queer, excited throb. "This is not really an arrest at all."

"Well, I wouldn't say so," the man returned. "There's more than one sort of arrest. Perhaps it's all the better for you if it ain't quite regular. Are you coming?"

The door of the house opened, and a stream of light poured out. The men had not got down from the box, and stood one at each side of the door. Philip shrugged his shoulders. What had happened, he could not understand, but clearly he would be a fool if he tried to resist. He would only get mangled about, and things, no doubt, would explain themselves.

"Oh, yes, I suppose so," he answered. "I'm not going to question you. Besides, you most probably would not answer me, but from your evidence to-day, I suppose

you expect to make something from this affair. Perhaps I can guess from whom you'll demand a ransom. I hope, with all my heart and soul, she won't pay it; as for me, I shall take the first opportunity to escape."

The Hyde Park lawyer laughed. "My business ends here. My reward is earned. It's been a tidy bit of business for me, and not half so awkward as I expected. I wish I was going to have your bit, that I do, I'm sure it's going to be a comfortable one. If you don't mind, and my friends—that was in the bond—will just see you to the top of the house. Then we'll say good-night, and pleasant dreams to you. If you know as much as I do, you'll admit that they ought to be pleasant."

There are, without doubt, a great many very poor people in this world, and those whom poverty pinches are by no means confined to the very lower classes; the middle classes, perhaps, feel the pinch most, because they have appearances to keep up; but there are very few people in the world who have not expectations from someone or another. The expectation may be very moderate—a hundred, or, perhaps, even a little less—pounds—but, in fact, it is some sum of money, held back only by one life, dances before most of us. Sometimes, with all our heart and soul, we dream the day that will make it ours; sometimes the need of money being so vital—how long for it?

Philip and Jasper had expectations, but they were by no means small. Mr. Gilchrist, their uncle, was a rich bachelor. Jasper's mother and Philip's father had been respectively sister and brother-in-law to the same man, and the two young men would be his joint heirs. Both young men were sufficiently attentive to him, though neither—it would not have gone down with the old man—fiddled in any way. If he had a favorite, his favorite was Philip, because, though he really knew of no queer dealings of Jasper's, he suspected them; but outwardly he was as kind to one nephew as the other.

The murder in Philip's chambers had been a surprise to him; the visit of Joel Constant to Jasper had been disquieting in a secondary way; he was reading the account in the evening papers when Jasper was introduced.

"You will pay this money to the Jew, and then you will not owe him a penny?" "No."

"I am glad of that, Jasper." The following day Mr. Gilchrist wrote to Mr. Cohen, and received a satisfactory reply. (To be continued.)

The Seamen's Institute

12 LANGLEY STREET.

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LICENSE TO AN EXTRA-PROVINCIAL COMPANY.

"COMPANIES ACT, 1887."

Canada: Province of British Columbia.

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For Skagway—Str. Anson, Oct. 16th and 20th. Str. Princess May, Oct. 23rd. For Victoria—Str. Anson, Oct. 17th, 21st and 25th each month.

For West Coast—Str. Queen City, Oct. 20th. For New Westminster—Str. Rithet, Wednesdays and Saturdays, at 1 a. m.

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Str. Charnier leaves Victoria for Vancouver daily at 1 a. m. Str. Princess Victoria leaves Victoria for Seattle daily at 9 p. m.

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SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST

HOMESTEAD REGULATIONS.

Any person who is a citizen of the Dominion of Canada, or of any of the Provinces, Territories, or of the Dominion of the United States, and who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age, to the extent of one-quarter section, of 100 acres, more or less.

Entry may be made personally at the local land office for the district in which the land is situated, or by application to the Minister of the Interior, Ottawa, or the local agent for the district in which the land is situated, or by application to the local agent for the district in which the land is situated, or by application to the local agent for the district in which the land is situated.

The land must be situated in the Northwest Territories, or in any of the Provinces, Territories, or of the Dominion of the United States, and must be of the size of one-quarter section, of 100 acres, more or less.

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